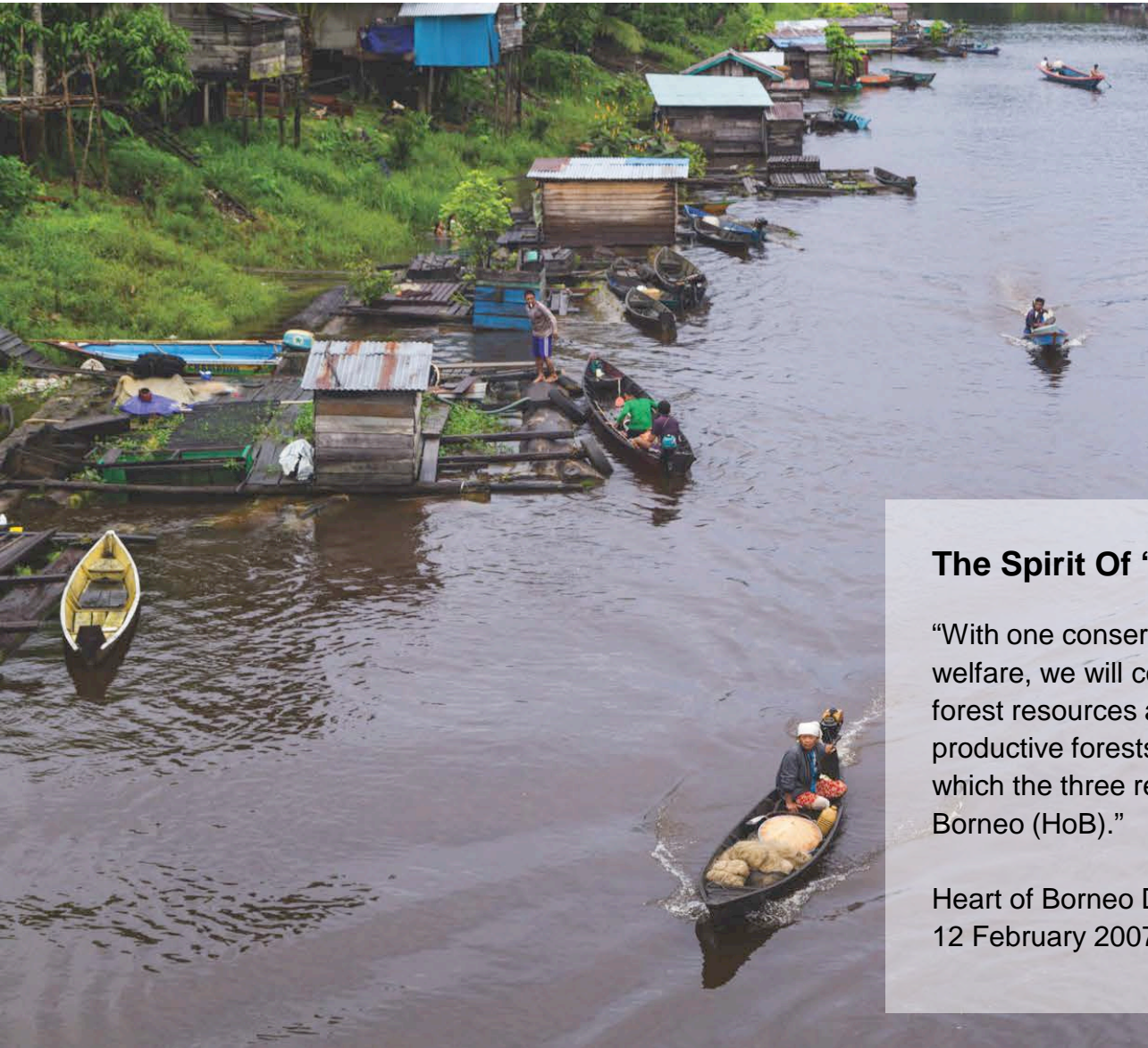




**COORDINATING MINISTRY FOR ECONOMIC AFFAIRS
REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA**

Integrating Programs of Heart of Borneo Initiative to TBCA Management

Assistant Deputy of Forest Governance, Coordinating Ministry for Economic Affairs.
As The National Working Group on the Heart of Borneo (HoB)
March 2018



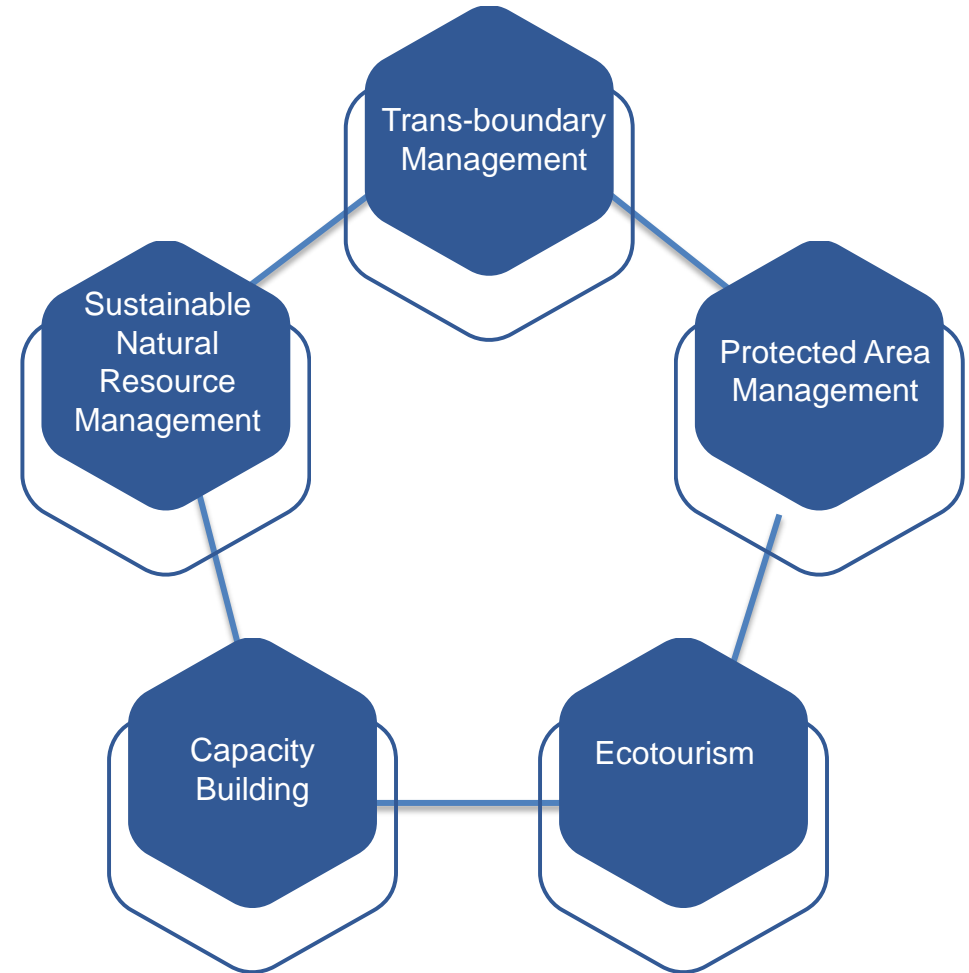
The Spirit Of “Three Countries One Conservation”

“With one conservation vision and with view to promote people’s welfare, we will cooperate in ensuring the effective management of forest resources and conservation of a network of protected areas, productive forests and other sustainable land-uses within an area which the three respective countries will designate as the “Heart of Borneo (HoB).”

Heart of Borneo Declaration, Bali – Indonesia,
12 February 2007



Bridging conservation and sustainable development in three countries



Connectivity Approach via the HoB
Strategic Plan of Action 2015-2019



NATURAL AND CULTURAL ENDOWMENT



HoB covers an area of 23,431,614,49 million ha, of which :

- Brunei Darussalam : 409,861.06 ha (1,75%)
- Indonesia : 16.890.809.92 ha (71,09%)
- Malaysia : 6.130,943.50 ha (26,17%)



High Biodiversity

20 River Watershed/River Basin and 14 main upper river and regional water catchment are located inside the Heart of Borneo area



Rich cultural traditions



Population in 2015 is approximately 11 million people



At least 19 tribes and more than 120 sub-tribes





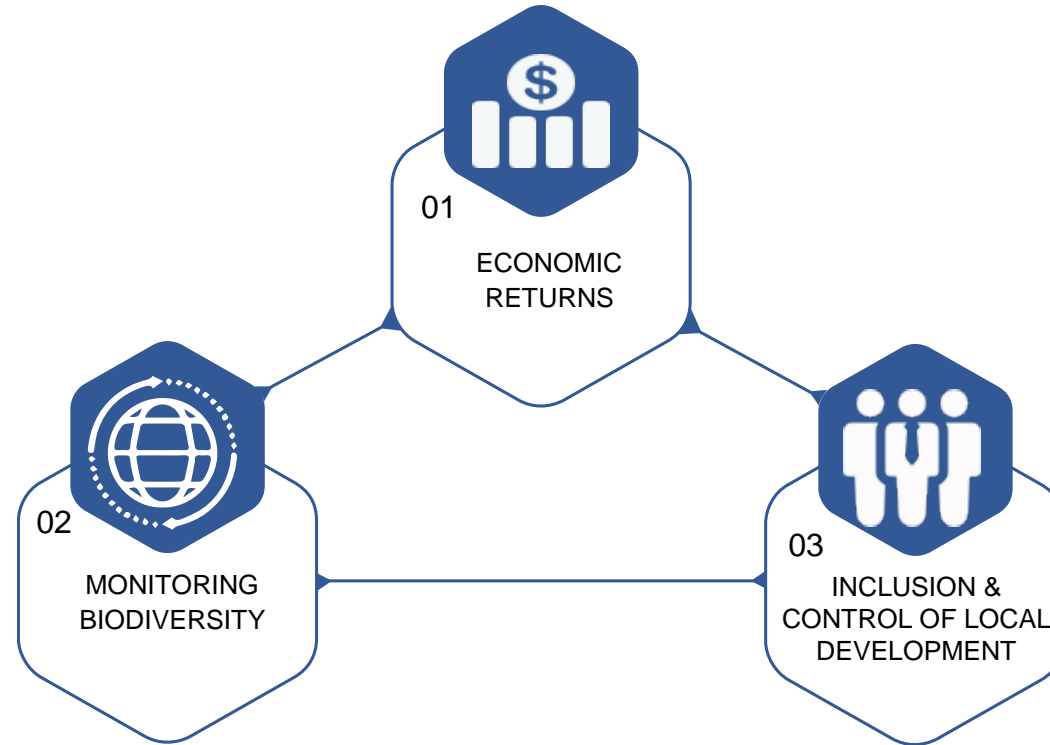
The protected areas in HoB member countries mostly in isolation, and managed according to the respective countries. A transboundary corridor will link up the protected areas.



Corridor to be concentrated whereby it connects the North-Eastern part of Sarawak, South Western part of Sabah, Southern part of Brunei Darussalam and North Kalimantan.

Connectivity through the following attributes:

1. Riverine and ecological connectivity;
2. Wildlife conservation and corridors;
3. Ecotourism corridors and community livelihood and identity;
4. Sustainable Forest Management landscape.



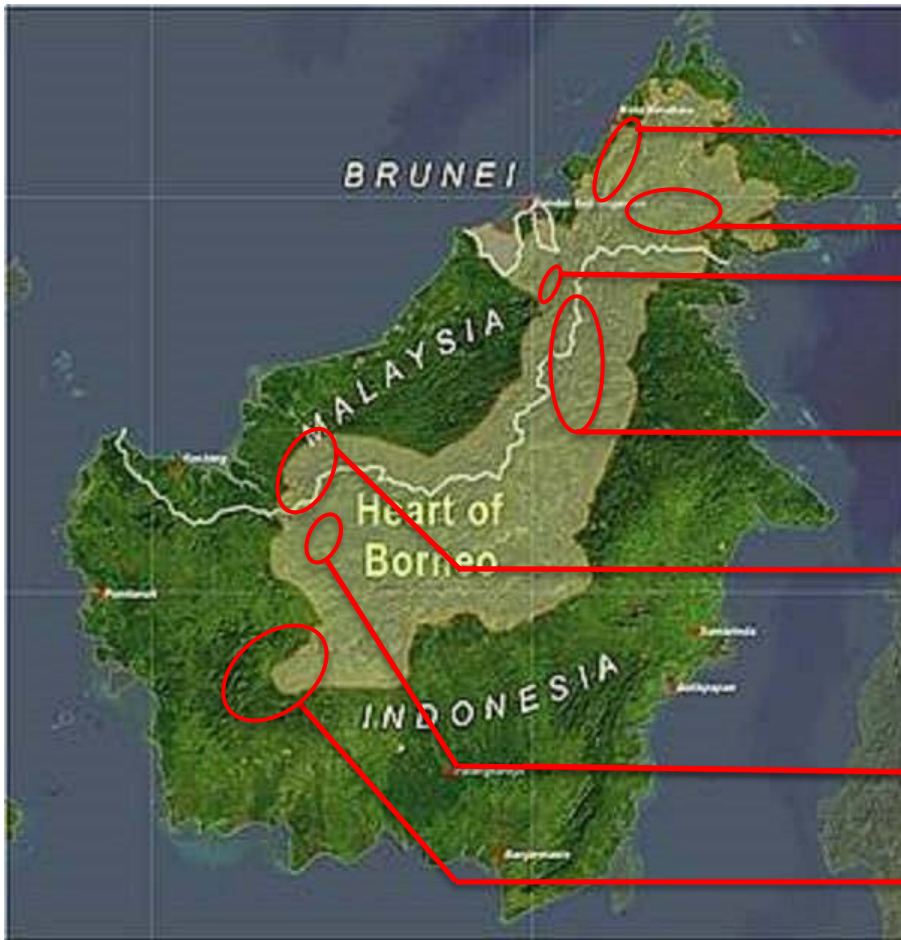
Expected outcomes and impacts

1. Natural forest connectivity in the HoB corridor project is secured.
2. Forest areas that provide the connectivity but located inside timber and plantations concessions are managed for their connectivity values.
3. Plans for restoring natural forest cover in areas where connectivity has been lost are developed.
4. Conversion and degradation of forest cover in parts of HoB crucial for connectivity are reduced and the ecological functions are maintained.



HOB CORRIDOR : TRANSBOUNDARY AND SUSTAINABLE NATURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

The protected areas in HoB member countries mostly in isolation, and managed according to the respective countries. A transboundary corridor will link up the protected areas.



Existing Connectivity Projects Within The Corridor

Kinabalu & Crocker Range Parks

Danum – Maliau - Imbak Conservation Areas

Kubaan Puak FMU – Connecting Pulong Tau & Gunung Mulu NPs

TBCA of Pulong Tau – Kayan Mentarang

Transboundary Project Connecting Batang Ai – Lanjak Entimau, Sarawak & Betung Kerihun, West Kalimantan

District Strategic Area Corridor Betung Kerihun & Danau Sentarum National Parks

Integrated Orang utan Conservation in Arabela Schwaner Landscape



NATURAL AND CULTURAL ENDOWMENT

01

HoB represents a unique place to develop an innovative, trans-border, and green destination for ecotourism.

03

The private sector has an essential role in the development of an ecotourism industry.

02

An effective protected area system and ecotourism activities that involve local partners and communities can guarantee security, sustainability and prosperity along the long international border.





NATURAL AND CULTURAL ENDOWMENT



Two important protected areas systems at the border that share natural and cultural treasures :

- Kayan Mentarang and Pulong Tau National Parks
- Betung Kerihun-Danau Sentarum and Lanjak Entimau



Protection of the natural endowment by developing green economic alternatives





TRANSBOUNDARY ECOTOURISM

Annual Calendar Events:



Transboundary Festival Sariaman –
Sarawak, Badau



Betung Kerihun Danau Sentarum
Festival and Craft Exhibition



Traditional Food Festival in Lanjak –
Batang Lupar, Betung Kerihun
National Park



Borneo Bird Festival in Sabah



Sarawak Bird Race





In April 2017, Indonesia established a Task Force to seek expert technical advice for the development of a roadmap for transboundary Green Ecotourism in HoB.



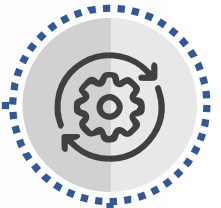
It is important to strengthen cooperation and work with the Ministries of Tourism from the three countries to conduct familiarization trips for media and journalists to HoB



Work with Tour Operators in Indonesia and Malaysia to promote cross-border and other tourist packages.



The positive experience of the Task Force needs to be continued with enlarged membership from Malaysia and Brunei including representatives of transboundary protected areas.





VISIT THE HEART OF BORNEO

BRUNEI DARUSSALAM • INDONESIA • MALAYSIA

01

The “Visit the Heart of Borneo” multi-year campaign was launched on 11th October 2017.

02

To show that the Heart of Borneo can become the heart of a world-class, innovative trans-boundary ecotourism to support conservation and prosperity in the Heart of Borneo.

03

It can open the way to investment in green ecotourism.



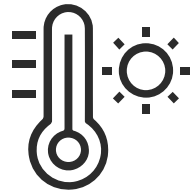
OPPORTUNITIES AND CHALLENGES



Deforestation and land degradation



Forest land conversion to other land uses



Climate change mitigation and adaptation



Green economy development





RECOMMENDATIONS

01



Enabling
conditions

Improving development programs and policy that support TBCA

02



Stakeholders

Require government support (central/regional), business sector, donor countries / partners in the development of HoB TBCA

03



Community

Increasing public awareness in TBCA management

04



Infrastructure

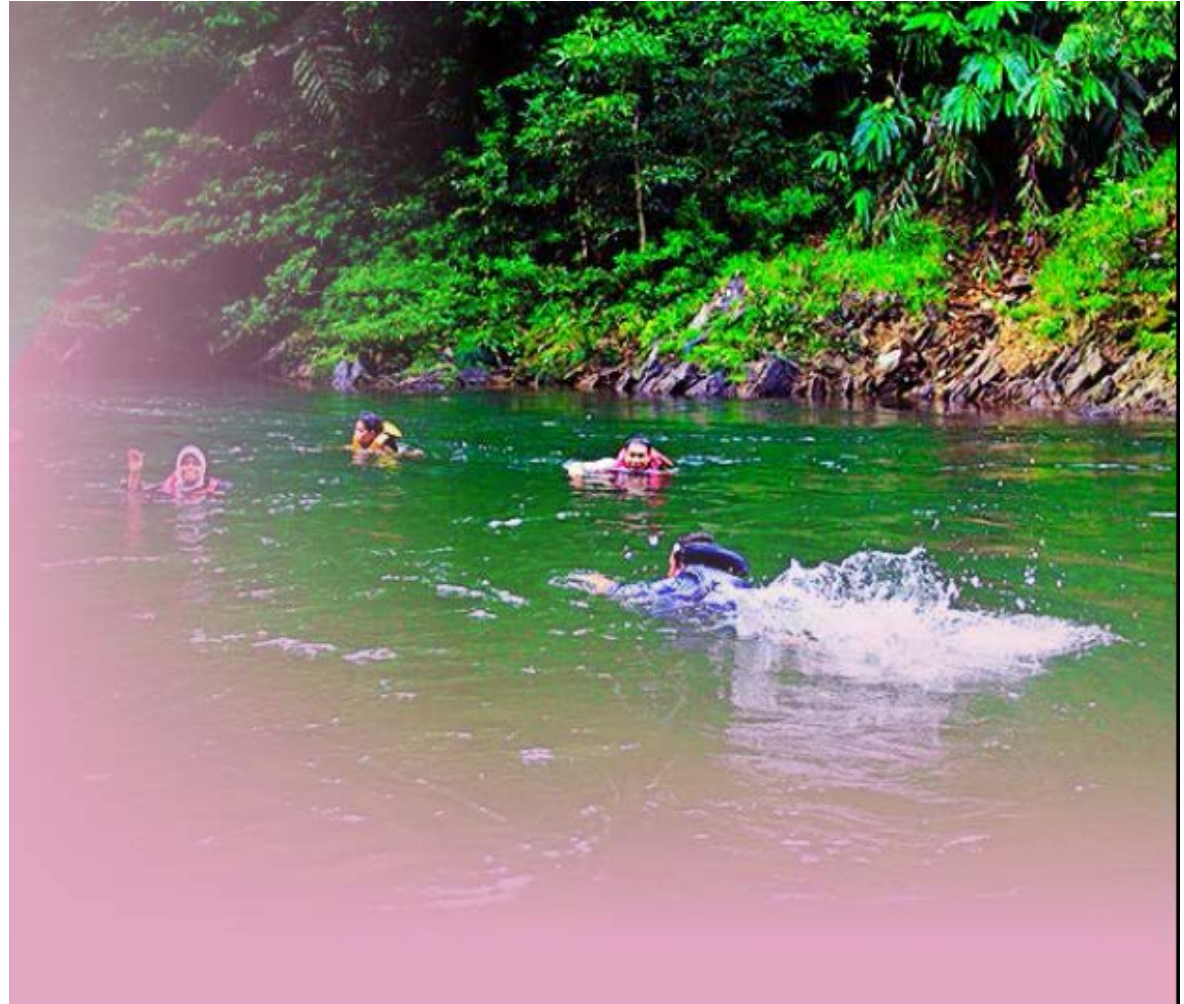
- Improving infrastructure and facilities in the remote areas
- Recognize legality of trans border tourism



www.ekon.go.id

Thank you!

KEMENTERIAN KOORDINATOR BIDANG PEREKONOMIAN
REPUBLIK INDONESIA





LAMPIRAN



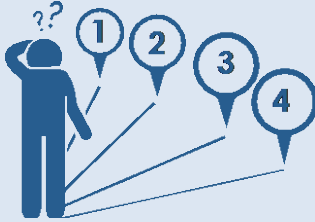



PERPRES

NO. 88 TAHUN 2017

TENTANG PENYELESAIAN PENGUASAAN TANAH DALAM KAWASAN HUTAN (Diundangkan pada tanggal 11 September 2017)

Perpres No. 88 Tahun 2017 memuat pengaturan sebagai berikut:

OBJEK PENYELESAIAN PENGUASAAN KAWASAN HUTAN	JENIS PENGUASAAN TANAH YANG DAPAT DISELESAIKAN	PEMOHON	POLA PENYELESAIAN	TAHAPAN PENYELESAIAN
 <p>Kawasan hutan yang dapat dilakukan penyelesaian penguasaan tanah merupakan kawasan hutan pada tahap penunjukan kawasan hutan (hutan konservasi, hutan lindung, hutan produksi)</p>	 <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Permukiman2. Fasilitas umum/sosial3. Lahan garapan*4. Hutan yang dikelola masyarakat hukum adat	 <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Perorangan2. Instansi*3. Badan Sosial/keagamaan*4. Masyarakat hukum adat <p>yang disampaikan secara kolektif kepada Bupati/Walikota untuk diteruskan kepada Tim Inver PTKH</p>	 <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. mengeluarkan bidang tanah dalam kawasan hutan melalui perubahan batas kawasan hutan;2. tukar menukar kawasan hutan;3. memberikan akses pengelolaan hutan melalui program perhutanan sosial; atau4. melakukan <i>resettlement</i>.**	 <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Inventarisasi2. Verifikasi3. Penetapan pola penyelesaian4. Penerbitan keputusan penyelesaian5. Penerbitan sertifikat hak atas tanah

Keterangan

* akan dijabarkan lebih detail pada pedoman teknis Tim Inver PPTKH

** akan diatur tersendiri melalui Permen atau Perpres



TARGET PRIORITAS PENYELESAIAN PPTKH KEMENTERIAN LHK TAHUN 2018 (1/2)

No	Prov	Kabupaten/Kota	Luas Total (Inver dan Non Inver) (Ha)	Luas Inver (Ha)	Luas Non Inver (Ha)
1	Aceh	Aceh Timur, Aceh Tamiang, Langsa	22.643	22.643	0
2	Sumatera Utara	Karo, Labuhanbatu Selatan, Labuhanbatu Utara, Langkat, Mandailingnatal, Nias, Nias Barat, Nias Selatan, Nias Utara, Padanglawas, Padanglawas Utara, Samosir, Simalungun	122.248	107.286	14.963
3	Jambi	Muaro Bungo, Kerinci, Merangin, Muarojambi, Sarolangun, Tanjungjabung Barat, Tanjungjabung Timur, Batanghari, Tebo	12.904	10.028	2.876
4	Riau	Indragiri Hilir, Indragiri Hulu, Kep. Meranti, Kota Dumai, Kuantansengigi	139.719	57.851	81.867
5	Sumatera Barat	Dharmasraya, Kota Sawahlunto, Limapuluhkota, Pasaman, Pasaman Barat, Sijunjung, Solok Selatan, Tanahdatar	27.701	13.443	14.259
6	Kep. Riau	Karimun, Bintan, Kota Batam, Kota Tanjung Pinang	71.870	28.474	43.396
7	Bengkulu	Bengkulu Utara, Kaur	7.277	7.277	0
8	Kep. Bangka Belitung	Bangka, Bangka Barat, Bangka Selatan, Bangka Tengah, Belitung, Belitung Timur	11.856	11.771	85
9	Sumatera Selatan	Musi Rawas, OKI, OKU Timur, Musibanyuasin, Muaraenim, Musirawas Utara, OKU Selatan	122.607	74.828	47.779
10	Kalbar	Bengkayang, Kapuas Hulu, Ketapang, Kuburaya, Landak, Sanggau, Sekadau	109.442	68.105	41.336
11	Kalsel	Banjar, Barito Kuala, Hulu Sungai Selatan, Hulu Sungai Tengah, Hulu Sungai Utara, Kota Banjarbaru, Kotabaru, Tabalong	119.368	105.182	14.185
12	Kalteng	Barito Selatan, Barito Utara, Gunungmas, Kapuas, Kotawaringin Timur, Lamandau	324.687	172.178	152.509
13	Kaltim	Kota Bontang, Kutai Barat, Kutai timur, Penajampaser Utara	25.337	5.986	19.351



TARGET PRIORITAS PENYELESAIAN PPTKH KEMENTERIAN LHK TAHUN 2018 (2/2)

No	Prov	Kabupaten	Luas Total (Inver dan Non Inver) (Ha)	Luas Inver (Ha)	Luas Non Inver (Ha)
14	Kaltara	Malinau, Nunukan	13.866	12.697	1.169
15	Sulawesi Barat	Majene, Mamasa, Mamuju, Mamuju Tengah, Mamuju Utara, Polewalimandar	24.516	17.826	6.690
16	Sulawesi Selatan	Barru, Enrekang, Luwu, Luwu Utara, Maros, Wajo	31.800	31.800	0
17	Sulawesi Tengah	Banggai, Banggai Kepulauan, Banggai Laut, Buol, Morowali, Morowali Utara, Tojouna-una	58.036	42.817	15.219
18	Sulawesi Tenggara	Kendari, Kolaka, Kolaka Timur, Kolaka Utara, Konawe, Konawe Kepulauan, Konawe Selatan	76.846	44.249	32.598
19	Sulawesi Utara	Bolaangmongondow, Bolaangmongondow Selatan, Bolaangmongondow Timur, Kep. Talaud, Minahasa, Minahasa Selatan, Minahasa Utara, Minahasa Tenggara	2.663	2.663	0
20	Gorontalo	Boalemo, Bonebolango, Gorontalo Utara	9.729	9.145	584
21	NTB	Bima, Dompu, Sumbawa, Lombok Barat	8.492	8.492	0
22	NTT	Kupang, Manggarai, Manggarai Timur, Ngada, Sumba Timur, Alor, Kotamadya Kupang, Manggarai Barat, Belu, Lembata, Malaka, Sikka, Sumba Barat Daya, Timor Tengah Utara	13.871	5.884	7.988
23	Maluku	Buru, Kep. Aru, Kota Tual, Maluku Tengah	35.269	32.809	2.460
24	Maluku Utara	Halmahera Barat, Halmahera Tengah, Halmahera Timur, Kota Ternate, Tidore Kepulauan	105.047	28.451	76.596
25	Papua	Waropen, Deiyai, Jayapura, Kota Jayapura, Mamberamo Tengah, Mamberamoraya, Mappi, Biak Numfor, Nabire, Tolikara	107.616	8.876	98.740
26	Papua Barat	Maybrat, Raja Ampat, Sorong, Sorong Selatan, Teluk Bintuni, Teluk Wondama, Kota Sorong, Manokwari	84.914	26.204	58.710
Total			1.690.327	956.966	733.360