

Experience of Brazil with Forest Governance and Tracking Technologies

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Flavio Guiera – forest consultant



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Forest Governance

Latest report to E.U. about Brazilian forest governance, risks & opportunities – may 2003 (ERM to E.C.).

Since 2006 the whole regulation of forest governance has changed.

2012 – new forestry law is approved at the congress in a conflictive discussion between ruralists and NGOs (environmentalists and social parties claim for the presidential veto)



Forest Governance

To implement the national regulation Brazil has forest governance and these are the main players:

under MMA – Env. ministry

Serviço Florestal Brasileiro – Pub. concessions

IBAMA – inspection & regulation

ICMBio – Protected Areas Mgmt.

ANA – inland water regulation

CONAMA – env. Three-party Council

under MDA – Agric. development

INCRA – land registering



Instituto Nacional de Colonização e
Reforma Agrária



Forest Governance

Players (cont.):

under MAPA – Agric., Cattle & Supplies

EMBRAPA – Research & develop.



under MIDIC – Develop., Industry & External mkt

Secex – export secretary

APEX – Export promotion

INMETRO – certification



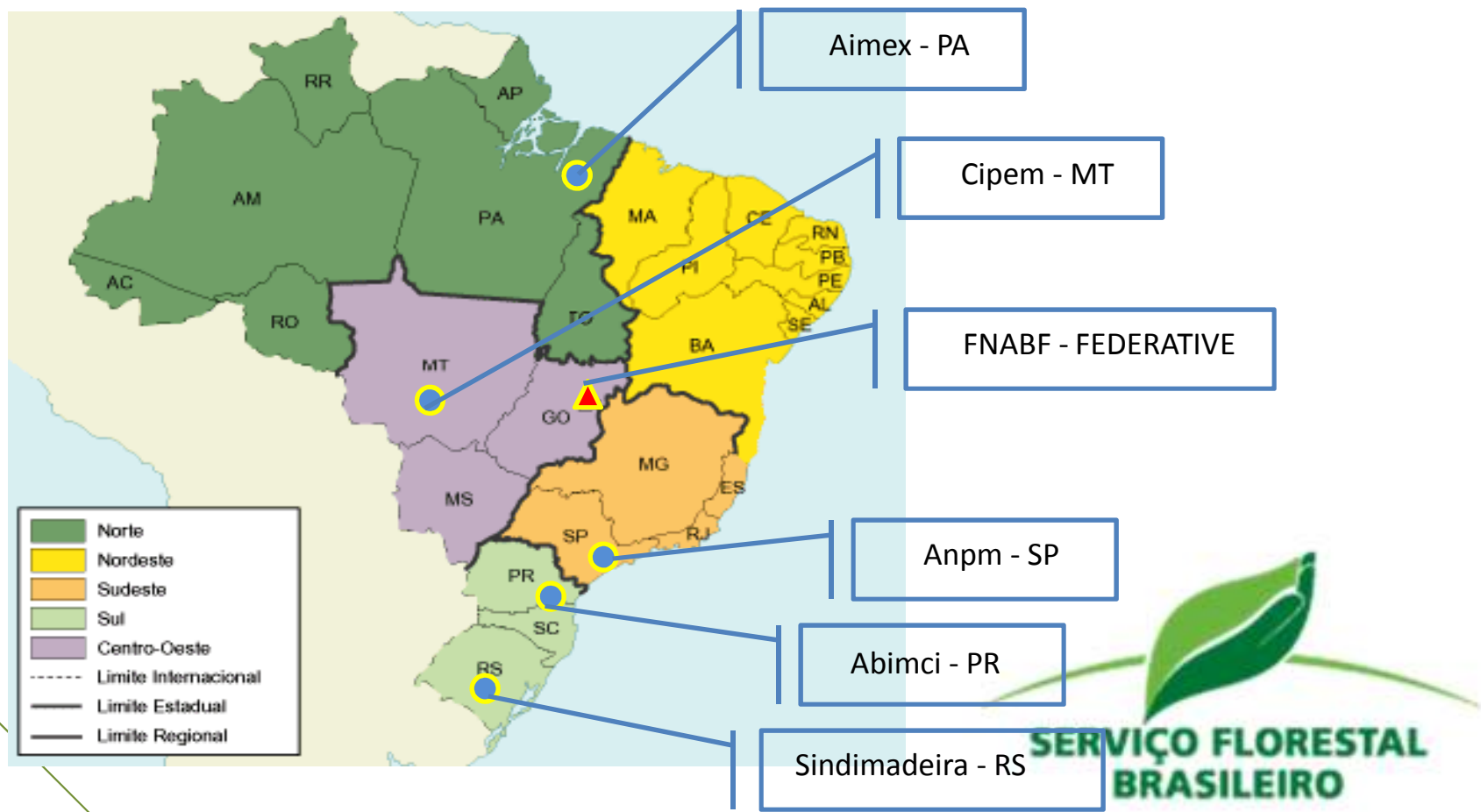
27 States environmental secretaries and their
licensing bodies



Forest Governance

Players (cont.):

Associations (National industry, pulp and paper, wood mechanically processed, timber exporters, and others).



Forest Governance

Each authority (including the 27 States environmental secretaries) has its own checklist to verify compliance with National/State Regulation for SFM.



Forest Governance

No TLAS has been officially developed.

Companies has to strive to compile the whole sort of requirements.

Public Forest Concessions have the more comprehensive requirements to play SFM.



Forest Governance

IBAMA, Safety National Force and Federal Police are working to tackle illegality into forests and industries based on timber and other products.



Arco de fogo operation – 3 states, 5 months, 59 prisons,
30,5 thousand m3 arrested.



Forest Governance

Equation

Instruments + organizations + strategies + Technology
< scale of forest activities + territory + diversity +
bureaucracy = Still struggling against illegal logging
and illegal processing timber



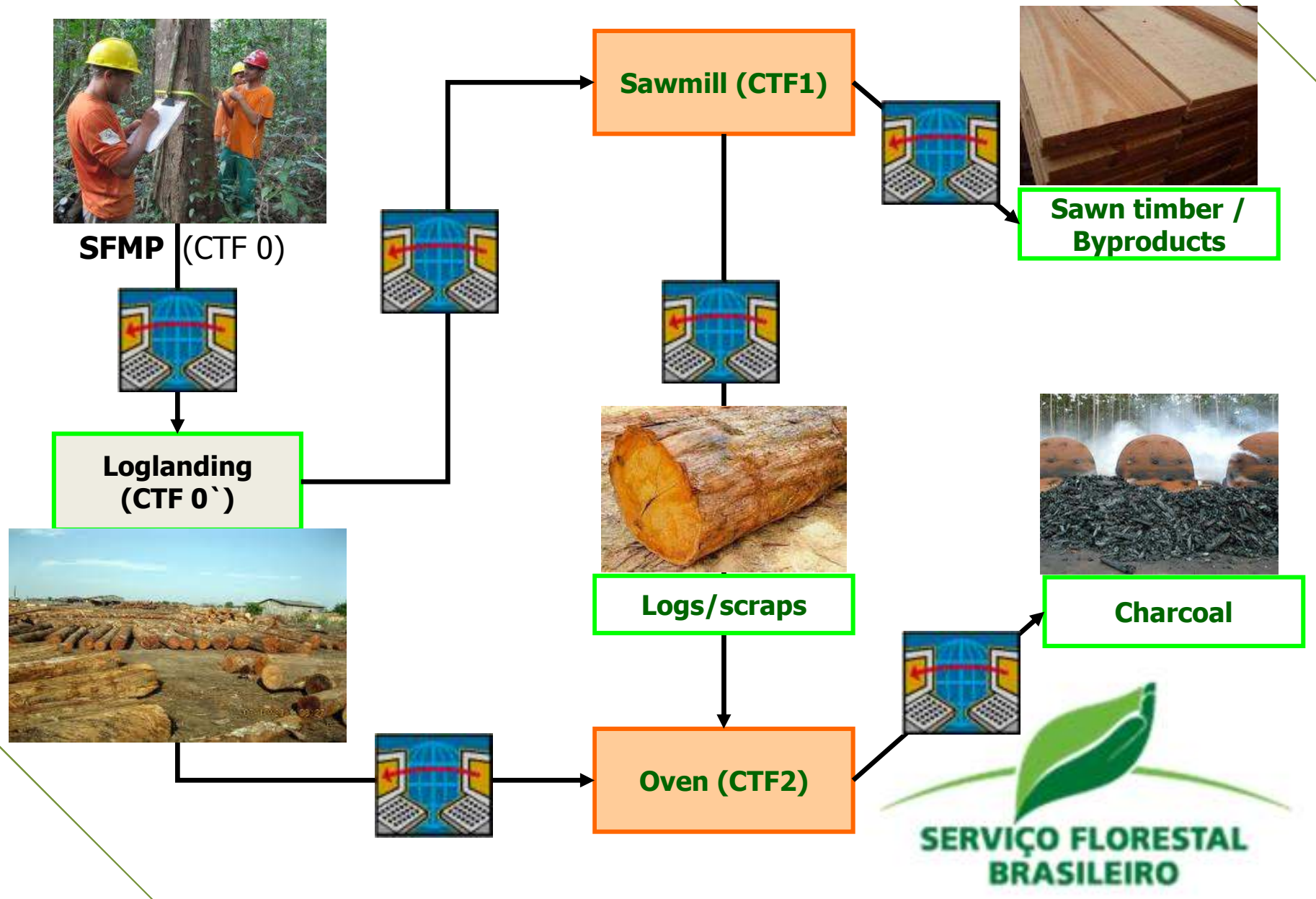
Tracking Technologies

D.O.F. system (Forest Origin Document)

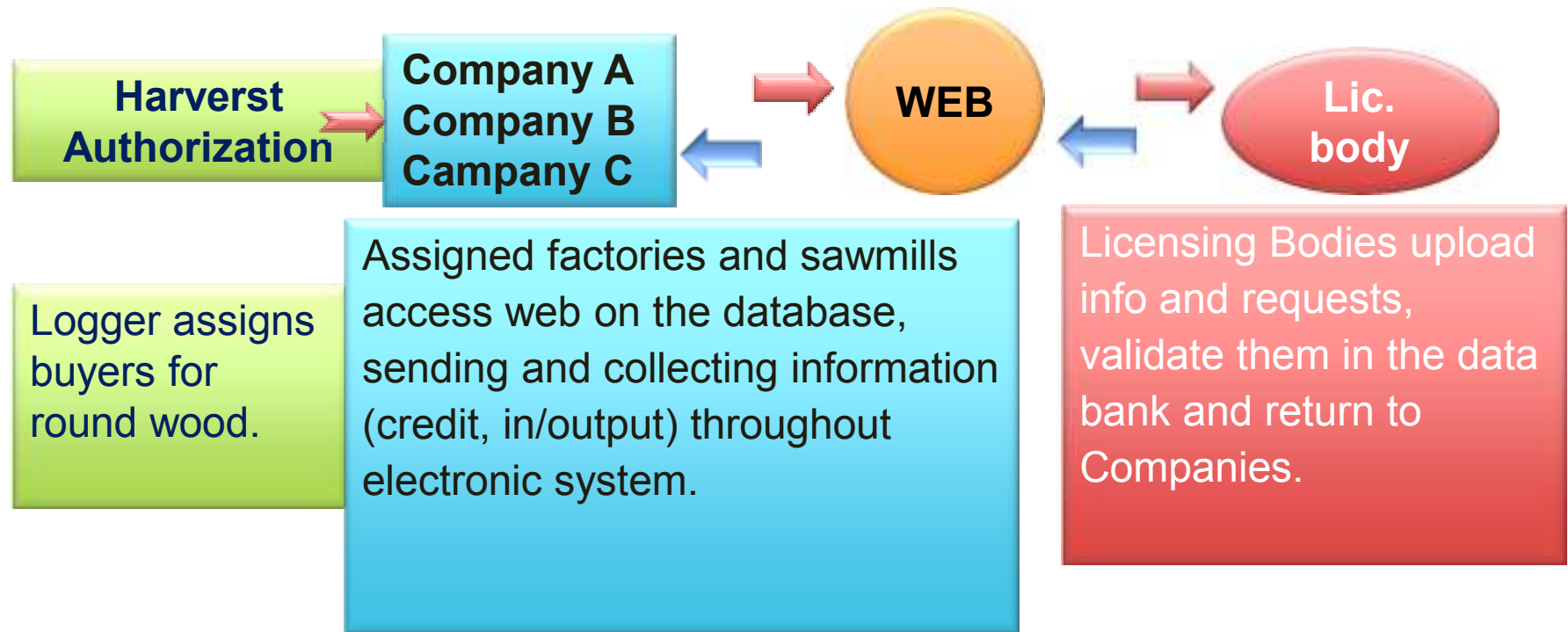
Build by IBAMA (2006) for authorize/block sales of timber, monitor credits of volumes and allow transportation and stock movement.



Tracking Technologies



Tracking Technologies



Tracking Technologies

- More effectiveness control upon activities (ONLINE)
- Increases transparency in the whole process (SIMLAM - STATE)
- Facilitates the procedures for users –exemptions in inner amazon region
- Focuses mainstreamed into origin



Tracking Technologies

Together with the efforts to implement a reliable, useful, effective and low cost tracking system for the forest sector, brazil still believes that the key driver to tackle illegality is, beyond the forest governance,

the market!

Thank you

f.guiera@ativaflorestal.com

