Advancing sustainable wood: Opportunities, gaps, synergies, and trade-offs

Supplying sustainable wood to meet the needs of the bioeconomy

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ITTO's mission – DUAL mandate



- Promote the **sustainable management and conservation** of tropical forests.
- Promote the expansion and diversification of trade in tropical wood from sustainably managed and legally harvested forests.

The International Tropical Timber Organization (ITTO) is THE SOLE inter-governmental organization focused entirely on tropical forest resources.

 76 members (37 producers & 39 consumers) covering 80% of global tropical forests and accounting for 90% of trade in tropical forest products!



SFM of tropical forests—crucial for carbon neutrality

- Tropical forests a major source of building materials, food, energy and livelihoods - still crucial for economies & populations in the tropics.
- Wood environmentally friendly and carbon neutral material, <u>PROVIDED</u>:

HARVESTED FROM LEGAL & SUSTAINABLE SOURCES, adhere responsible production.

- Developing sustainable wood-based supply chains in the tropics to achieve carbon neutrality presents challenges and opportunities. POTENTIAL SOLUTIONS include:
 - ADOPT SFM practices balance ENVIRONMENTAL & SOCIO-ECONOMIC needs.
 - Energy/construction needs forest plantations in degraded/vacant lands.
 - Production of wood pellets/use of wood waste for electricity and heat in power plants and homes.
 - Energy generation from logging residues and wood processing waste.
 - Improve energy security and reduce GHG gas emissions.
 - Promote use of sustainably produced tropical wood in construction.
- Contribute to SDGs 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 15, 17 and several others!

ITTO's work on sustainable wood use





POLICY BRIEF

Encouraging greater domestic use of legal and sustainable tropical wood

Lessons from experiences in Southeast Asia

Promote sustainable wood use across its members:

• Promoting domestic markets through projects (supported by Japan) in Southeast Asia: Indonesia, Thailand, and Viet Nam. India and Malaysia (about to start).

The projects aims to improve:

- Domestic strategy/policy.
- Production capacity.
- Community forest enterprises' skills.
- Assortment of wood products.
- Educate consumers on the advantages of using wood products vs other substitutes.

Projects' outputs:

- Strengthen sustainable wood value and supply chains.
- Enhance social, economic and environmental benefits from production to consumption.
- Support SW4SW initiative!

Available at: www.itto.int/guidelines

Opportunities (selected examples): bioenergy



- Substantial volumes of wood residues in timber industry operations in the tropics (around 50%), could be used to generate energy:
 - In Brazil, for example, logging residues amount to 600 million tonnes/year.
 - Could generate 36 000 megawatts of electricity.
 - Equivalent of three large hydropower stations.
- Wood-based bioenergy (wood and woodchips) have an advantage over agriculture-based bioenergy (biofuels, biogas) in terms of CO₂ mitigation performance.

Several ITTO members doing so!

*Source: ITTO. 2007. *Report of the International Conference on Wood-Based Bioenergy*. Hannover, Germany, 17-19 May, 2007. ITTO Technical Series No.31. Yokohama, Japan.



Opportunities (selected examples): wood in construction







Wooden Cities for a Sustainable Future:

Aims to promote sustainable wood use through increasing wooden building/housing construction in urban areas in selected economies in the Asia-Pacific region.

- Output 1: "Development of wooden city strategy and policy" - promote domestic consumption of sustainable wood in urban areas through construction of wooden buildings/houses.
- Output 2: "Sustainable production and consumption of wood"—strengthen capacity to produce & consume legally and sustainably wood to stimulate domestic market demands and needs.
- Output 3: "Public-Private Partnership for wooden city development"—increase <u>partnerships/incentives</u> among selected city governments and leading wooden building companies in the region to advance skills and technology on wooden building/house design and construction.

Sustainable wood use contributes to climate-change mitigation



- Implementing SFM practices across wood supply chains can lower emissions by improved timber harvesting and processing.
- SFM=improved carbon sequestration.
- Wood products=a significant **carbon sink** and the most environmentally friendly material.
- Using wood in construction reduces the carbon footprint of buildings/houses in comparison to other materials.
- WOOD offers great potential to transform the construction industry's GHG emissions economies progression on NDC commitments.

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- Support ITTO members achieving decarbonized societies.
- the future made from wood!



Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations



Forest Fund Republic of Austria

> An initiative by the Federal Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry, Regions and Water Management

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Work with us!

11–12 September 2024, Global Legal and Sustainable Timber Forum, Macao SAR, China

1-6 December 2024, ITTC 60