



# Developing sustainable forests and forest industries sectors in Africa for domestic and international trade

## - The Case for Green Supply Chains -

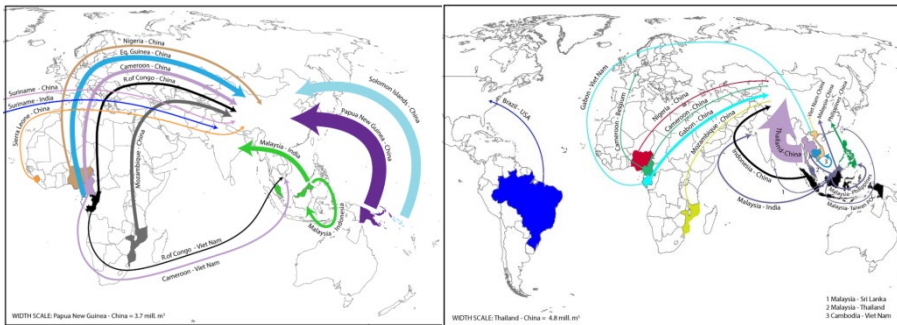
Gerhard Dieterle  
Executive Director



## International Tropical Timber Council

(ITTC 55<sup>th</sup> session)

Markets and Trade Day  
Lomé, Togo, December 2, 2019



INTERNATIONAL TROPICAL TIMBER ORGANIZATION (ITTO)

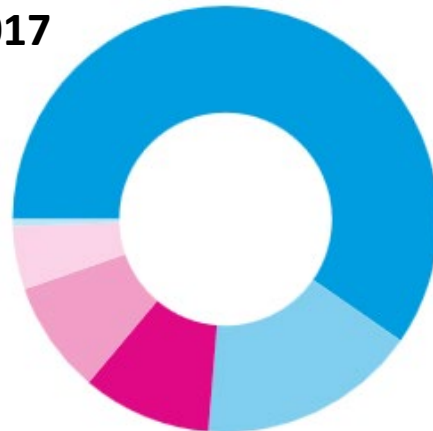


# Africa: hungry for food, fuel, fiber and wood



## Global population by region

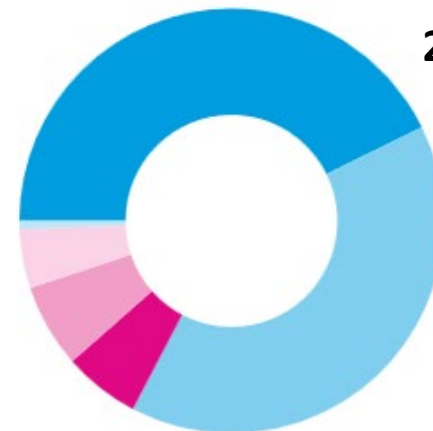
2017



Global population  
7.55 billion

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><span style="color: blue;">■</span> Asia 4 504 million (59.66%)</li> <li><span style="color: pink;">■</span> Europe 742 million (9.83%)</li> <li><span style="color: lightpink;">■</span> North America 361 million (4.78 %)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><span style="color: lightblue;">■</span> Africa <b>1 256 million (16.64%)</b></li> <li><span style="color: magenta;">■</span> Latin America /Caribbean 646 million (8.55%)</li> <li><span style="color: lightblue;">■</span> Oceania 41 million (0.54 %)</li> </ul>
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2100 (projected)



Global population  
11.18 billion

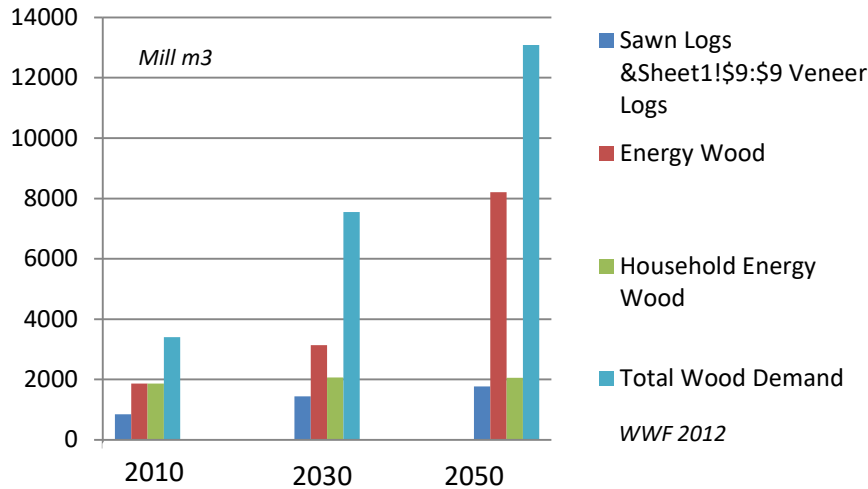
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><span style="color: blue;">■</span> Asia 4 780 million (42.74%)</li> <li><span style="color: magenta;">■</span> Europe 653 million (5.84%)</li> <li><span style="color: lightpink;">■</span> North America 499 million (4.46%)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><span style="color: lightblue;">■</span> Africa <b>4 468 million (39.95%)</b></li> <li><span style="color: magenta;">■</span> Latin America /Caribbean 712 million (6.37%)</li> <li><span style="color: lightblue;">■</span> Oceania 72 million (0.64 %)</li> </ul>
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Grafik: Deutsche Stiftung Weltbevölkerung (DSW)  
Quelle: Vereinte Nationen, World Population Prospects: The 2017 Revision

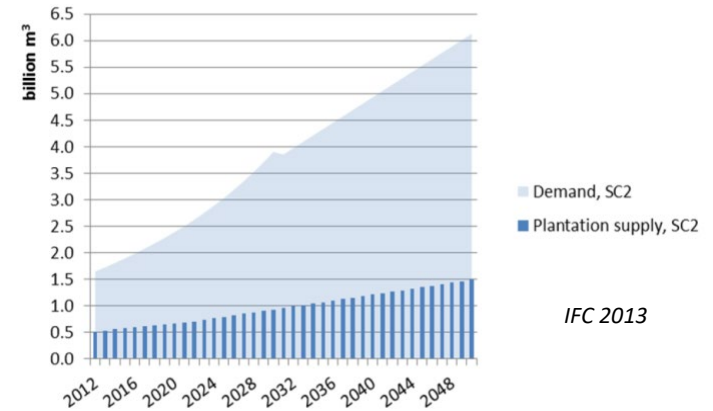
# Increasing global wood demand



## Increasing global demand for wood

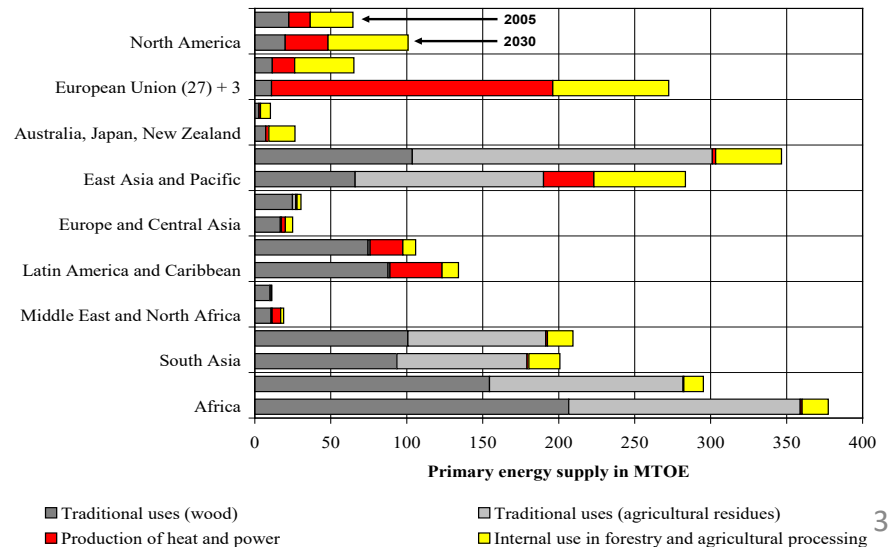


## Increasing Gap for Industrial Roundwood



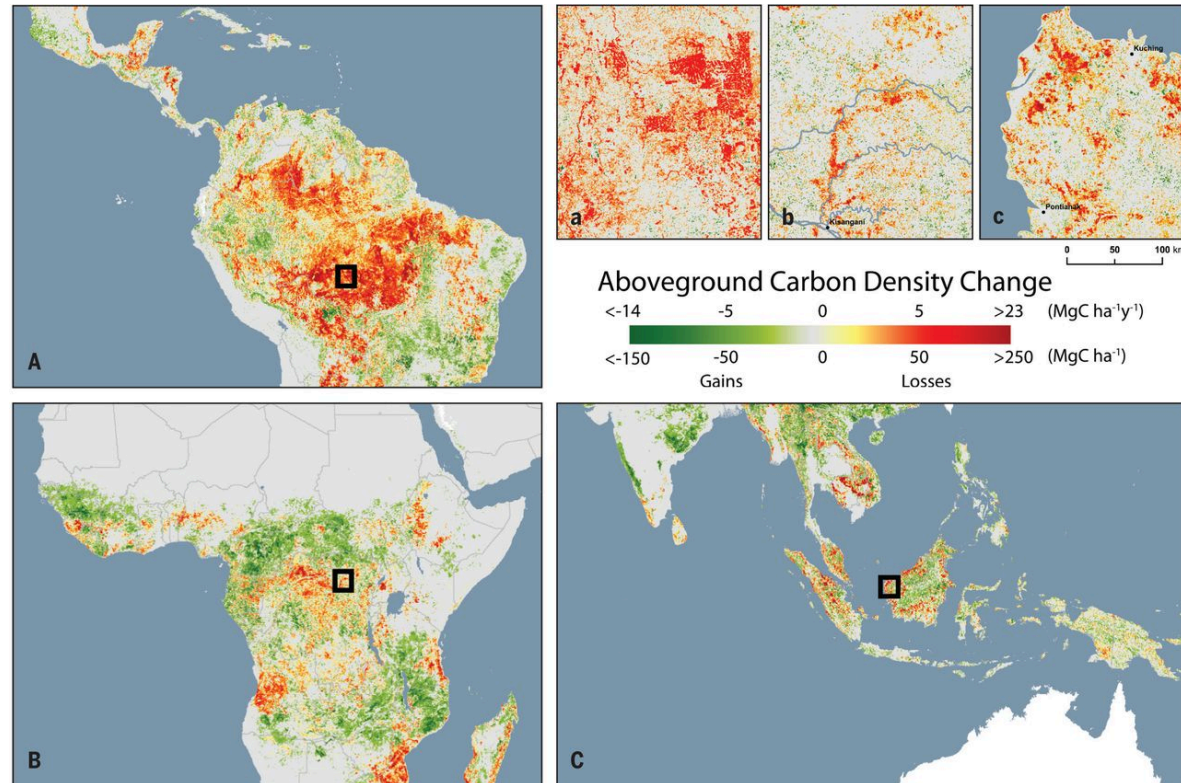
## Demand in woodfuel and charcoal continues to increase

- 2.8 billion people will depend on traditional fuels in 2030
- Massive increase in demand for energy wood in industrialized countries



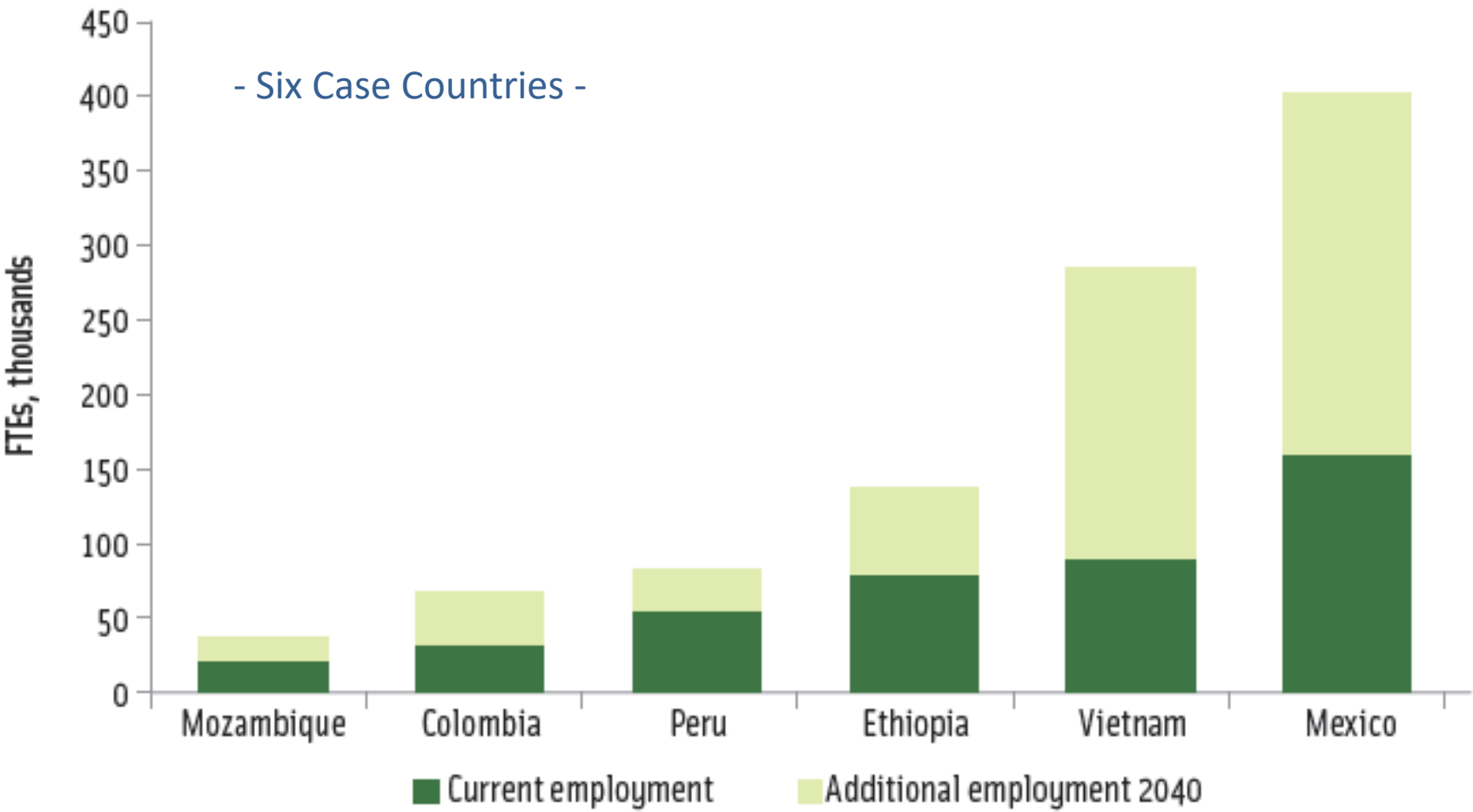
# Tropical forest degradation: geography of carbon density change

- Tropical forests are a **net release of carbon** of  $425.2 \pm 92.0 \text{ Tg C yr}^{-1}$  (losses of  $861.7 \pm 80.2 \text{ Tg C yr}^{-1}$  and gains of  $436.5 \pm 31.0 \text{ Tg C yr}^{-1}$  from forest growth)
- Losses result from (i) deforestation and (ii) reductions in carbon density within standing forests (**degradation**) accounting for **68.9%** of overall losses



A. Baccini et al. Science 2017;science.aam5962

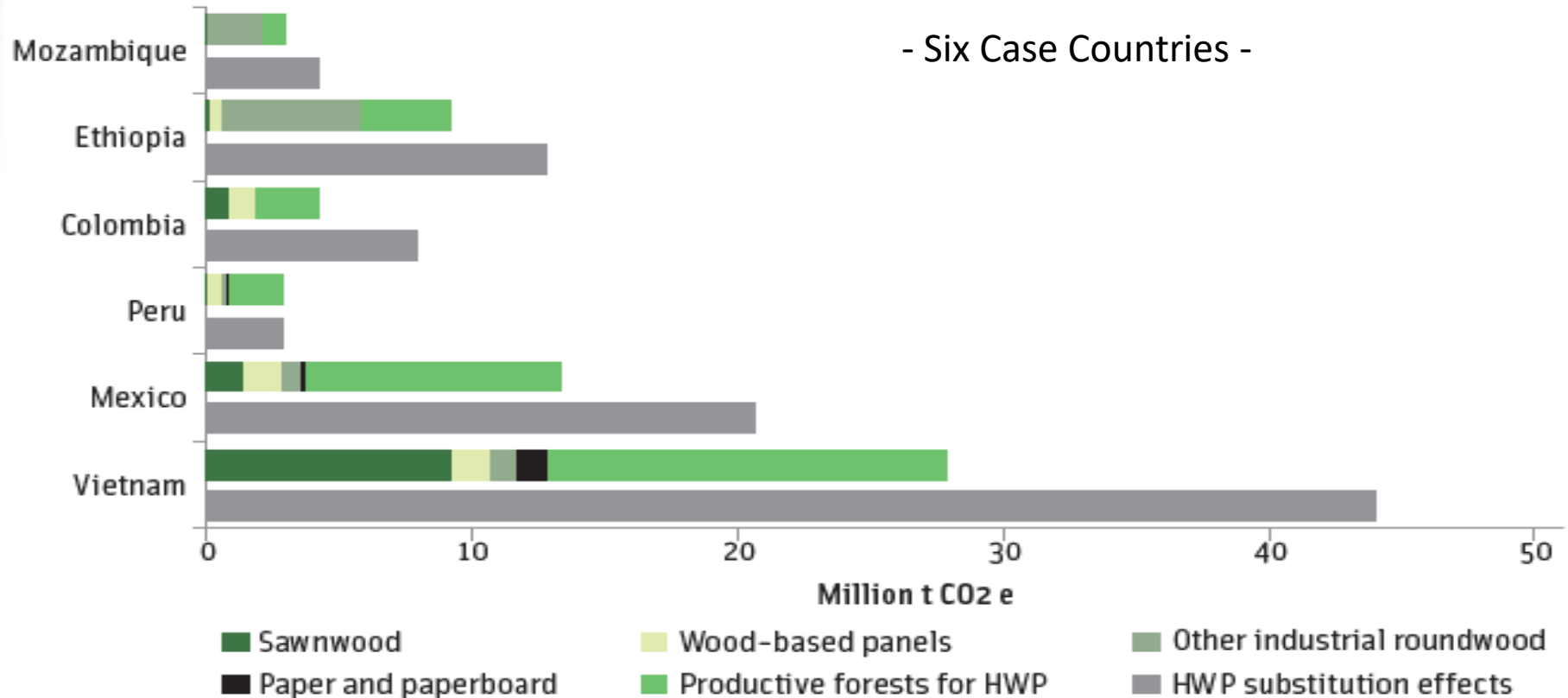
# Employment benefits of the Green Growth Scenario



Note: FTEs = full-time equivalent workers.



# Mitigation potential of Green Growth/Bio-economy Scenario



Note: HWP = harvested wood products; t CO<sub>2</sub> e = tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

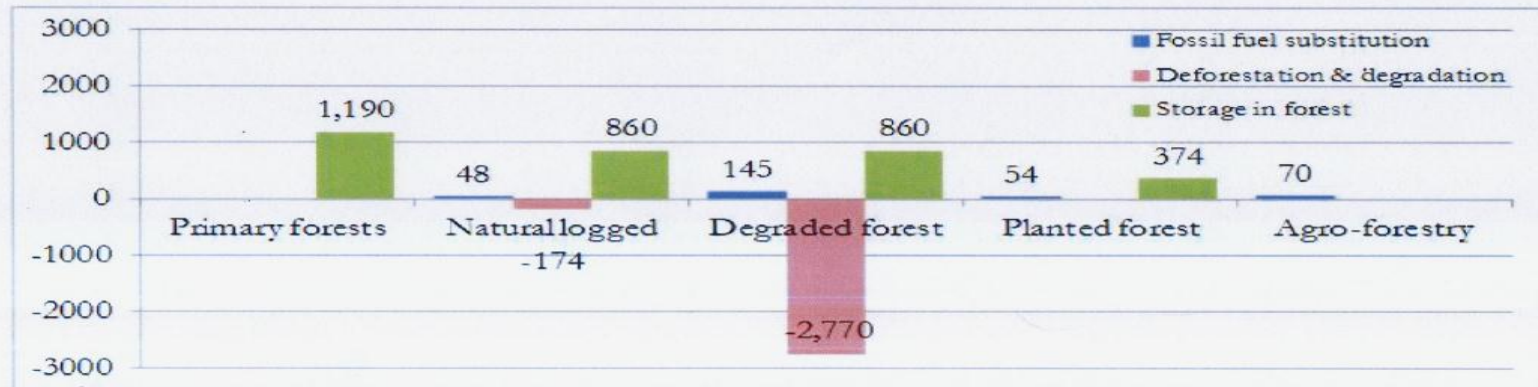
# The forgotten component in REDD+:

## Substitution

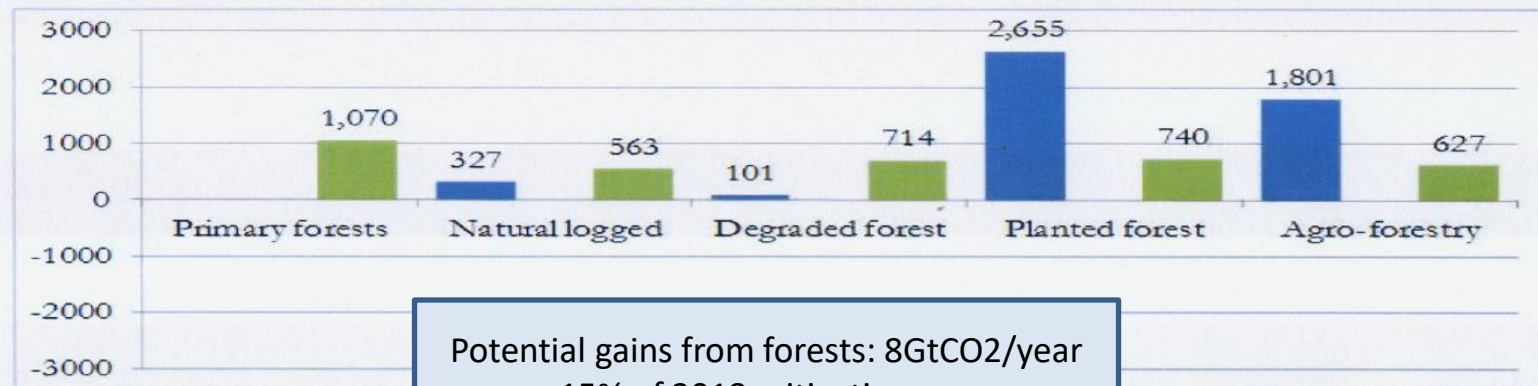


*Fossil Fuel Substitution, Deforestation and Degradation, and Forest Carbon Storage in 2010 and 2050  
(million tons carbon per year)*

2010



2050



Potential gains from forests: 8GtCO<sub>2</sub>/year  
15% of 2018 mitigation gap

# Ingredients for Legal and Sustainable Supply Chains and good Forest Governance



## Incentives and Finance

## Access to Information & Data

## Rule of Law/ Rights/Justice

## Human Capacity

### Financial Incentives

(e.g. soft loans and grants, taxes, access to finance)

### Administrative Incentives

(e.g. extended permitting, favourable thresholds for obligations)

### Reputational Incentives

(e.g. voluntary certification, voluntary disclosure, natural capital accounting)

- Remote sensing
- Mapping
- Planning tools
- Information management systems
- Timber tracking
- DNA finger printing
- International Data networks
- Verification/ Certification systems
- Market data

- Law enforcement (FLEG)
- Eliminating corruption & informality
- Access to resources
- Land rights
- Gender equity
- International rules (CITES)
- Fair “rules of the game”

- Education
- Training
- Knowledge
- Infrastructure
- Income
- Health
- Security

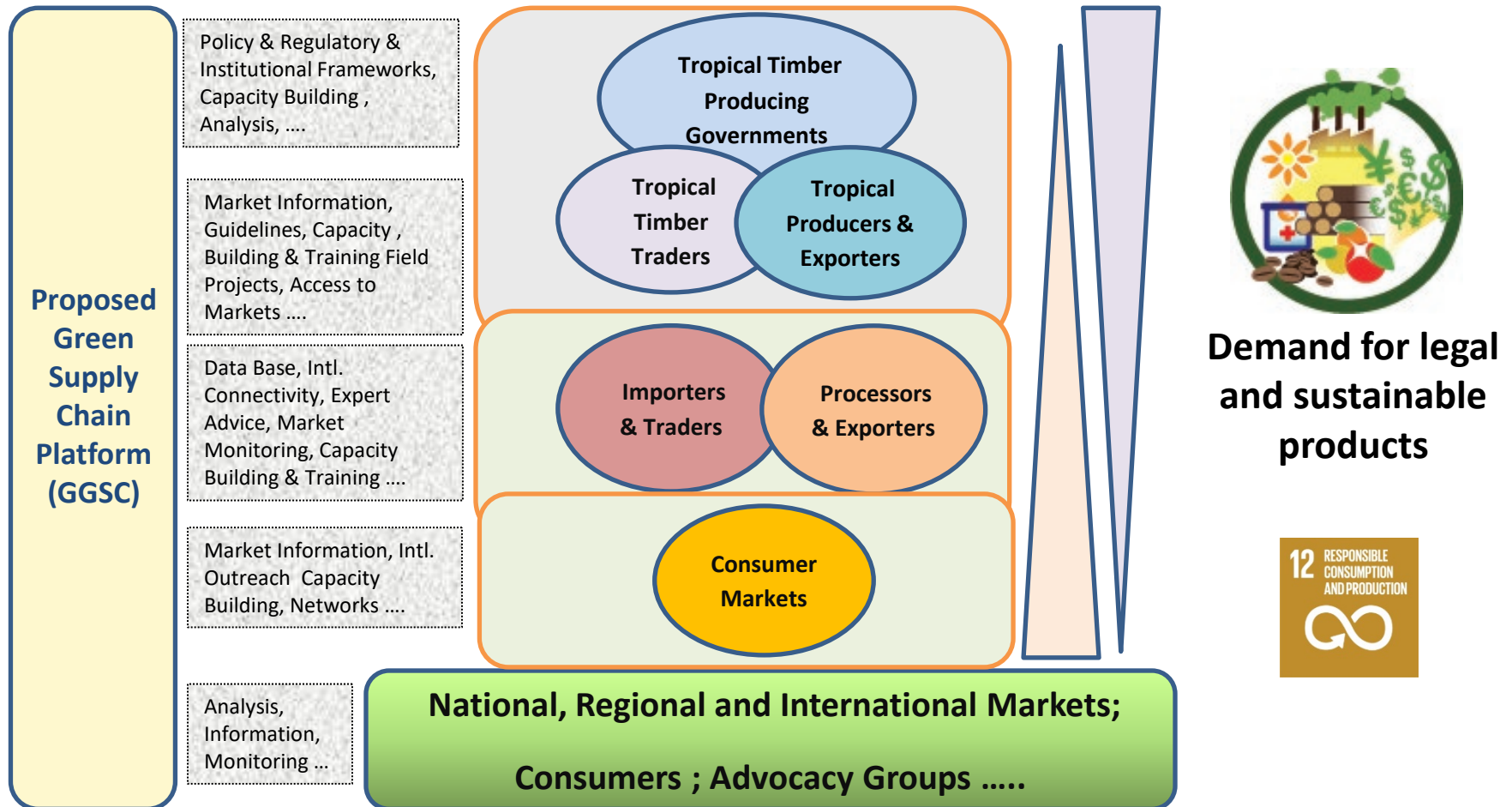


# Information and capacity building for Green Supply Chains



## International and National Legality and Sustainability Frameworks

SDGs, UNSPF, National Policies, Intl. Agreements, Proofs of Legality (Certification Schemes, Timber Tracking Systems, DNA Fingerprinting, .....)



Demand for legal and sustainable products



# Verification of Legality and Sustainability

## - Key International Instruments and Processes -



- Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)
- Paris Agreement – Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs)
- European Timber Regulation (EUTR)
- EU Forest Law Enforcement and Trade Initiative and Voluntary Partnership Agreements (FLEGT/VPAs)
- US Lacey Act
- **Japan Clean Wood Act**
- Australia ...
- Korea...
- China Global green Supply Chain Platform
- Forest Stewardship Council (FSC)
- Program for the Endorsement of Forest Certification (PEFC)
- National Certification Schemes
- .....

# International Forum: Together Towards Global Green Supply Chains



22–25 October 2019, Shanghai & Huzhou, China

The forum:

- highlighted the importance of legal and sustainable wood products supply chains
- secured commitment from industries and governments
- agreed to establish a GGSC Network
  - to facilitate business information
  - for exchange and collaboration between wood product producers, buyers, processing industries and wood product market representatives nationally and internationally.



中国木材与木制品流通协会  
China Timber & Wood Products Distribution Association



国家林业和草原局林产品质检研究中心



atibt

THE LEADING AUTHORITY ON TROPICAL TIMBER

# Key questions to be addressed in building Legal and Sustainable Supply Chains



- **How to assisting governments in building enabling institutional and policy frameworks** for promoting legal and sustainable supply chains and enabling business conditions for actors who operate in such chains,?
- **How to develop, promote and implement effective incentive mechanisms** for increased investments in legal and sustainable forest management and associated downstream supply chains
- **What are the needs for capacity building for sustainable forest management, production and trade** (tracking and documentation, voluntary legality verification and certification,?)
- **How to ensure transparent and fair marketing and trading of wood and forest products:** market information, strengthening tropical country trade associations and cooperative organizations, facilitating linking domestic and international buyers and sellers of legal and sustainable wood and forest products?;
- **How to ensure comparability and coherence among different national and international regulations and standards** related to legality and sustainability in order to facilitate compliance for suppliers of legal and sustainable wood products?
- **How to overcome informality in domestic trade and intra-continental trade** in forest developing countries though legal and sustainable supply chains?
- **What type of advocacy and awareness-raising among all stakeholder groups** is needed for promoting the role of productive forests and sustainable wood for economic, social and environmental development, climate change mitigation and adaptation, and the conservation of global biodiversity?



Thank you very much!

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<http://www.youtube.com/user/ittosfm>



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International Tropical Timber Organization