

CREATING A NEW BUSINESS MODEL FOR FOREST INVESTMENTS



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MOSTLY BASED IN OUR EXPERIENCE IN DEALING WITH FOREST INVESTMENTS IN LATIN AMERICA, AFRICA AND ASIA. INCLUDES:

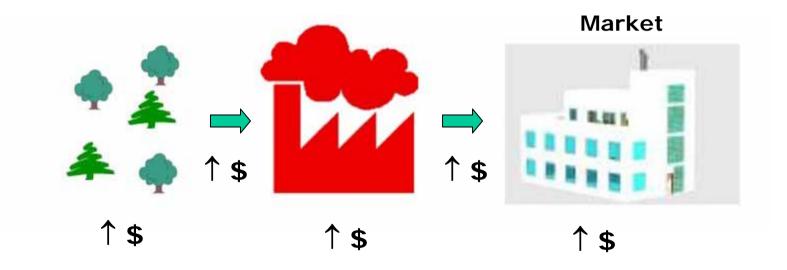
- BASIC STUDIES
- PROJECT FINANCING
- ENGINEERING
- MANAGEMENT OF OPERATIONS







✓ WHERE ARE THE INVESTMENTS?



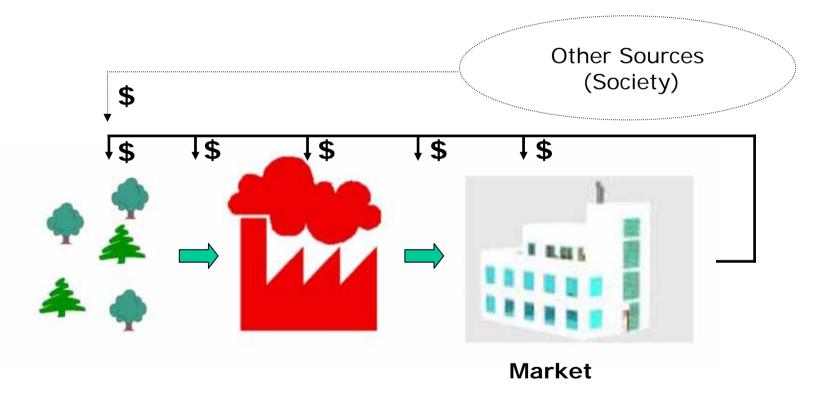
- FIXED ASSETS
- WORKING CAPITAL







✓ WHO PAYS FOR THE CAPITAL INVESTED?









✓ SOME QUESTIONS

– HOW REVENUE GENERATED IN THE MARKET IS DISTRIBUTED?

– WHO HAS POWER TO CONTROL/ INTERFERE IN THE DISTRIBUTION?

 IS THERE SUFFICIENT REINVESTMENTS TO SUSTAIN THE PROCESS?







IN A PERFECT WORLD

> MARKET FORCES WILL DEFINE WINNERS AND LOOSERS

IN A FREE MARKET

TO BE COMPETITIVE IS A PRIMARY REQUIREMENT TO BE IN THE MARKET







QUESTION:

> ARE WE DEALING WITH A TRUE FREE MARKET?

"THE TRADITIONAL THEORY OF TRADE BASED ON COMPARATIVE ADVANTAGE HAS BEEN REPLACED, AND TO SOME EXTEND SUPPLEMENTED, BY A NEW THEORETICAL VIEW IN WHICH INCREASING RETURNS ARE A MAJOR INDEPENDENT SOURCE OF TRADE"

(Helpman and Krugman)



BASIC CONCEPTS



WHAT IS HAPPENING?

" MORE THAN HALF OF THE WORLD TRADE IS IN
MANUFACTURED GOODS, WHERE MARKETS ARE OFTEN
OLIGOPOLISTIC RATHER THAN COMPETITIVE"

(Helpman and Krugman)







WE CAN CONCLUDE THAT:

➤ IMPERFECT COMPETITION HAS NOW REACHED CERTAIN MATURITY AND ACCEPTANCE, AND THIS OPENS THE DOOR FOR A VARIETY OF ARGUMENTS FOR GOVERNMENT INTERVENTION.









- ✓ PRODUCTION AND TRADE OF WOOD CHIPS
 - JAPANESE COMPANIES (OVER 80% OF THE GLOBAL VOLUMES)





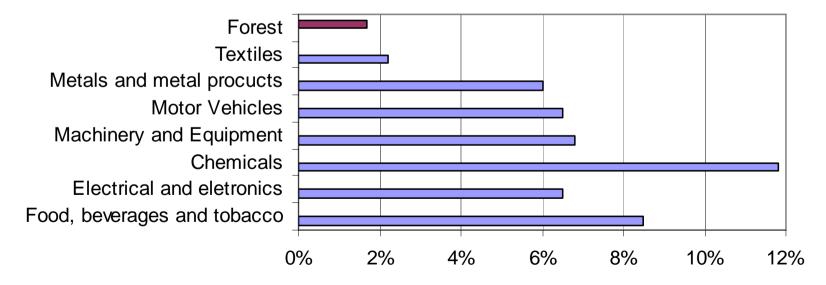


FOREST SECTOR

✓ INVESTMENTS DATA

- MOSTLY PRIVATE (93%)
- TOTAL DI- US\$ 63 BILLION (2004)
- REPRESENTS: 1.5% OF GLOBAL DI
- MOSTLY DDI (OVER 90%)

FDI BY INDUSTRIAL SEGMENTS



Source: UNCTAD, 2005



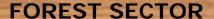




INVESTMENTS TRENDS:

- DI INCREASED IN THE LAST FEW YEARS
- MAIN DRIVING FORCES:
 - **❖ SEARCH FOR INCREASING COMPETITIVENESS**
 - *** IDENTIFICATION OF NEW MARKETS**
 - **SEARCH FOR PRODUCTION CAPACITY**
 - *** IMPROVE FOREST PRODUCTIVITY (PLANTATIONS)**
 - *** LIBERALISATION OF TRADE**

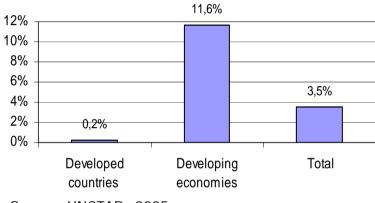
LARGELY ASSOCIATED TO PLANTATIONS AND PULP AND PAPER PRODUCTION







FDI IN FORESTRY/AGRICULTURE/HUNTING/FISHING (% OF PRIMARY SECTOR)

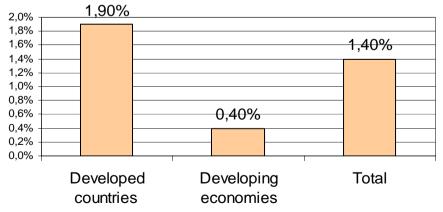


HIGH CONCENTRATION IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES

Source: UNCTAD -2005

✓ FDI IN FOREST INDUSTRY (% OF SECONDARY SECTOR)

HIGH CONCENTRATION IN DEVELOPED COUNTRIES



Source: UNCTAD -2005





✓ MAIN PLAYERS AND INVESTMENTS



SECTOR	MAIN DOMINANT PLAYERS	INVESTMENT	
		CAPACITY	PRIORITY
PRIMARY (RESOURCES)	GOVERNMENTS	VARIABLE	ENVIRONMENT SOCIAL
	COMMUNITIES	LOW	TERRITORY MAINTENANCE
	DOMESTIC PRIVATE SECTOR	LOW/MEDIUM	PRODUCTION / REVENUE
SECONDARY (PROCESSING)	DOMESTIC PRIVATE SECTOR	LOW/MEDIUM	PRODUCTIVITY A
TERCIARY (TRADE)	INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES	HIGH	MARKET POWER





MAJOR CHALLENGES FOR TT PRODUCERS:

- BUSINESS BASED ON NATURAL FOREST
 - *** COSTS AND RISKS INCREASING**
 - *** LOSING COMPETITIVENESS**
- NWFP AND SERVICES
 - **SUPPLY AND MARKET LIMITED**
 - *** LOW VALUE**
 - *** OUTSIDERS COMPETING FOR FUNDS**
- MARKET
 - **❖ DIFFICULTIES TO DEAL IN AN IMPERFECT MARKET**
 - *** ALTERNATIVE TIMBERS AND MATERIALS**
- RESULTS:
 - INVESTMENT CAPACITY OF PLAYERS IS REDUCING
 - FUNDING ALTERNATIVES ARE DISAPPEARING





FINDINGS:

- THERE IS A STRONG LINK BETWEEN TRADE AND INVESTMENTS
- GLOBAL TRADE OF TFP IS MOVING TOWARDS AN IMPERFECT COMPETITION MARKET MODEL
- MAIN PLAYERS IN TRADE FOCUS ON MARKET POWER:
 ACTIONS ARE NOT PROFITABLE VIEWED IN
 ISOLATION, BUT TO ALTER THE TERMS OF
 SUBSEQUENT COMPETITION TO THEIR BENEFIT





THEREFORE:

 AS DDI IS PREDOMINANT, AND PLAYERS HAVE LIMITATIONS, DO NOT EXPECT SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS IN TROPICAL FORESTS AND TROPICAL TIMBER INDUSTRY





WHAT CAN BE DONE:

- RECOGNIZE THE IMPORTANCE OF THE LINKAGES
 BETWEEN TRADE AND INVESTMENTS
- MODEL OF TRADE POLICY NEEDS TO BE ADJUSTED TO THE NEW SCENARIO WHERE" FIRMS DO NOT TAKE PRICES AS GIVEN"
- BASIC ISSUES TO BE CONSIDERED
 - **❖ THE EFFECTS OF TRADE POLICY ON MARKET POWER**
 - ❖ THE STRATEGIC EFFECT OF TRADE POLICY ON COMPETITION
 - * THE EFFECT OF TRADE POLICY ON CONSUMERS CHOICE

► ITTO: HAS AN OUTSTANDING ROLE IN DEVELOPING NEW TRADE POLICIES TO ENHANCE INVESTMENTS





- ✓ WORKING AT COMPANY LEVEL
 - IT WILL NOT SOLVE THE PROBLEM BUT IS PART OF THE SOLUTION
- ✓ PRINCIPLES
 - COMBINE: CONSERVATION AND PRESERVATION FOR GOODS AND SERVICES
 - MAXIMIZE: PRODUCTION OF GOODS CONSIDERING
 ALL MARKET OPTIONS









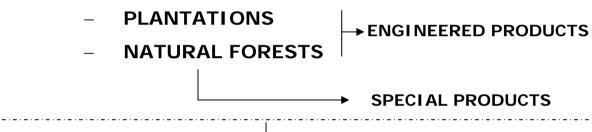
✓ MAXIMIZING PRODUCTION OF GOODS



FOREST LANDS

MAIN OPERATION

TIMBER



ENERGY

COMPLEMENTARY

- > NON MARKETABLE SPECIES
- > FOREST RESIDUES
- > INDUSTRIAL WASTE

NATURAL FORESTS → NWFP





TT PLANTATIONS EFFECTS:

- PRODUCTIVITY OF PLANTATIONS IS HIGHER AND TIMBER PRODUCTION COSTS ARE LOWER
- INDUSTRIAL TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENTS ALLOW
 PERFECT COMBINATION OF PLANTATION AND
 NATURAL FOREST TIMBERS (ENGINEERED PRODUCTS)
- USE OF TROPICAL TIMBERS FROM NATURAL FOREST
 (EXPENSIVE RAW MATERIAL) IS MAXIMIZED
- COMPETITIVENESS IS INCREASED





ENERGY GENERATION CONTRIBUTION:

- REMUNERATIVE USED FOR SPECIES/ WOODS WITH NO MARKET
- REDUCTION OF HARVESTING COSTS (\$/M³)
- SOLUTION FOR WASTE DISPOSAL AT THE MILL
- COMPETITIVE SOURCE OF ENERGY
- SIGNIFICANT CASH GENERATION
- POTENTIAL SOURCE OF CO2 CREDITS

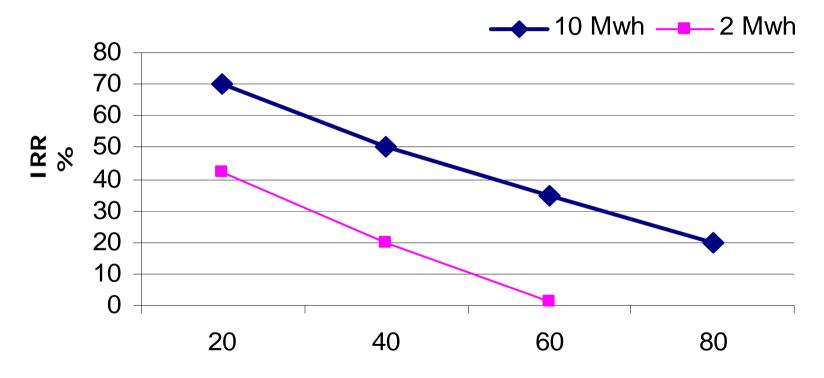






✓ WOOD BASED POWER PLANT

Acre - Brazil



Wood Price (US\$ / GMT)

Source Itto Project PD 61/99 - Rev. 4 (2005)





- INDUSTRY HAS OPTIONS
- INVESTMENT ARE NOT LOW AND THIS IS A LIMITATION TO MOST PLAYERS
- FINANCING MECHANISMS ARE NEEDED
- INDUSTRY INVESTMENT IS A SHORT TERM/ TEMPORARY SOLUTION
- PERMANENT SOLUTION WILL REQUIRE STRUCTURAL CHANGES INCLUDING:
 - INVESTMENT CLIMATE IMPROVEMENTS (COUNTRY LEVEL)
 - NEW TRADE POLICY MODEL

