Recent editions

Edited by Alastair Sarre

▶ Freezailah, B.C.Y., Basri, H. Mohd., Shaharuddin, M., Chandrasekheran, C., Wilson, S. & Tomaselli, I. 2005. Sustainable management of tropical forests: privatesector experiences. Three volumes. ITTO and Forestry Department, Peninsular Malaysia, Yokohama, Japan and Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. Also available on CD. ISBN 983 9269 30 5 (Vol 1).

Available from: Director General of Forestry, Forestry Department Headquarters, Peninsular Malaysia, Jalan Sultan Salahuddin, 50660 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia; Fax 60–3–2692 5657; www.forestry.gov.my



These three volumes, an output of ITTO PROJECT PD 48/99 REV. 1 (M, F), contain case-studies and regional analyses of private-sector experiences in sustainable forest management in the tropics. Companies featured include: Congolaise Industrielle des Bois (CIB) in its operation in the Republic of Congo; Rougier

Gabon; Samartex Timber & Plywood Ltd in Ghana; Samling Plywood in Malaysia; Pt Sari Bumi Kusuma in Indonesia; the Pacific Timber Export Corporation in the Philppines; Vanimo Forest Products Pty Ltd in Papua New Guinea; and Guavirá Industrial e Agroflorestal Ltda and Orsa Florestal in Brazil.

▶ FAO 2005. Proceedings: 3rd expert meeting on harmonizing forest-related definitions for use by various stakeholders. Convened 17–19 January 2005, Rome, Italy. FAO, Rome, Italy.

Available from: FAO, Viale delle Terme di Caracalla, 00100 Rome, Italy; www.fao.org



This is the report of an expert meeting organised by FAO in collaboration with various institutions including ITTO. The key terms discussed were natural forests, planted forests, forest plantations, trees outside forests, and managed and unmanaged forests. There was general, although not unanimous, agreement on

working definitions of natural forest, planted forest and forest plantation, which is a subset of planted forest. The meeting also reached general agreement on a working definition of forest management, which was:

the formal or informal process of planning and implementing practices aimed at fulfilling relevant environmental, economic, social and/or cultural functions of the forest and meeting defined objectives.

It was recognised, however, that the concept of managed/ unmanaged forests adopted in climate-change negotiations is broader than the one traditionally used in the forestry community. In addition to discussing the above core terms, several groups addressed multilingual aspects of forestrelated definitions, identified typical problems, and stressed the need for continued work.

Ravenel, R., Granoff, I., & Magee, C. (eds) 2004. Illegal logging in the tropics: strategies for cutting crime. The Haworth Press, Inc, Binghamton, USA. ISBN 1 56022 117 8.

Available from: The Haworth Press, Inc, 10 Alice St, Binghamton, NY 13904-1580, USA; www.haworthpressinc. com; getinfo@haworthpressinc.com; Us\$39.95 (softcover)



This book, which arose from a meeting in March 2002 convened by the Yale chapter of the International Society of Tropical Foresters, suggests specific policy interventions aimed at curbing illegal logging and identifying solutions to forest crime. It presents both thematic analyses of illegal logging

at the global level and case-studies at both the local and national levels in African, Latin American and Asian countries. Contributors draw on their experiences in Benin, Brazil, Cameroon, India, Indonesia, Mexico and Vietnam. *From the publisher's notes.*

Prihadi, N. (ed) n.d. Proceedings: regional workshop on strengthening the Asia Forest Partnership. Convened 30 August-1 September 2004. Yogyakarta, Indonesia. Ministry of Forestry, Jakarta, Indonesia and ITTO, Yokohama, Japan.

Available from: Information Officer, ITTO; see page 2 for contact information.



The specific objectives of the workshop were to: refine and operationalise the goals of the Asia Forest Partnership (AFP) and the mechanisms for its implementation; draw from experiences elsewhere; and formulate the programs, activities, structure and modalities of the AFP. This report contains papers presented by the rep-

resentatives of the various partners, as well as background papers on the Congo Basin Forest Partnership, the ASEAN experience, and options for the development structure and mechanisms of the AFP. It also contains contributed papers on a wide range of issues relevant to the AFP, including the experiences of the private sector, illegal logging, forest-sector reform in Cambodia, and many others.

27