



Livelihood Development at Border Area of West Kalimantan

Presented at:

“Asia – Pacific Regional Workshop on Trans-boundary Biodiversity Conservation: Empowering Forestry Communities and Women in Sustainable Livelihood Development“

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ITTO Project TFL-PD 032/13 Rev.2(M)
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A. Introduction

- Forests at border areas
- Forests as source of livelihoods for many people

B. Livelihoods of Community at Sanggau

- Community Forestry
- ITTO Project on Community Forestry

C. Project Activities and Lesson Learned

D. Concluding remarks



A. Introduction



1. **Forest border the countries of Indonesia and Malaysia, 850 km long at West Kalimantan and 400 km long at East Kalimantan**



2. Forest provide food, energy, woods, medicine and many other goods and services needed by community





3. Forests make people live isolated at the border: poor infrastructure of roads network, health and education facilities, electricity, market



4. Subsistency characterized community at border areas





B.

| Livelihoods of Community at Sanggau



1. **Sanggau is located 4 hours drive from Pontianak, it has border at Entikong. Area 12.857,70 km², 65% forests area that belong to the state (1,2 million ha), population density 35 person/km² (BPS 2016)**

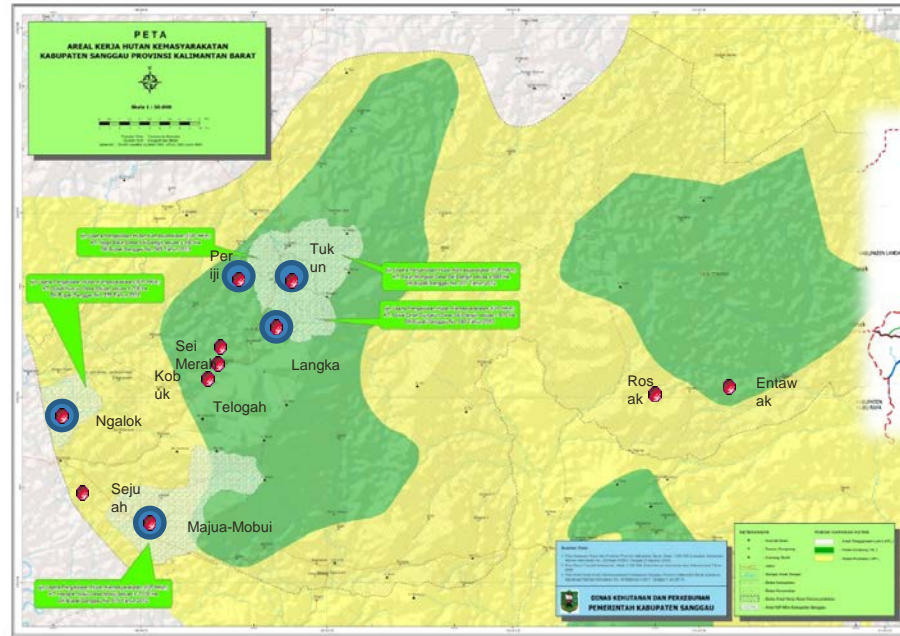




Community Forestry (HKm) at SANGGAU

Areal HKm Sanggau:

- HL : 32.500 Ha
- HP : 43.590 Ha

Penerbitan Ijin:
Th 2012-2014: 5150 Ha
Th 2017: 3315 Ha



-  : ada izin HKm
-  : Izin baru terbit tahun 2017

Penetapan areal kerja HKm, SK Kemenhut, No. 364/Menhut-II/2011 seluas 76.090 ha
Realisasi s.d tahun 2017, sudah terbit 10 IUPHKm seluas 8.465 ha

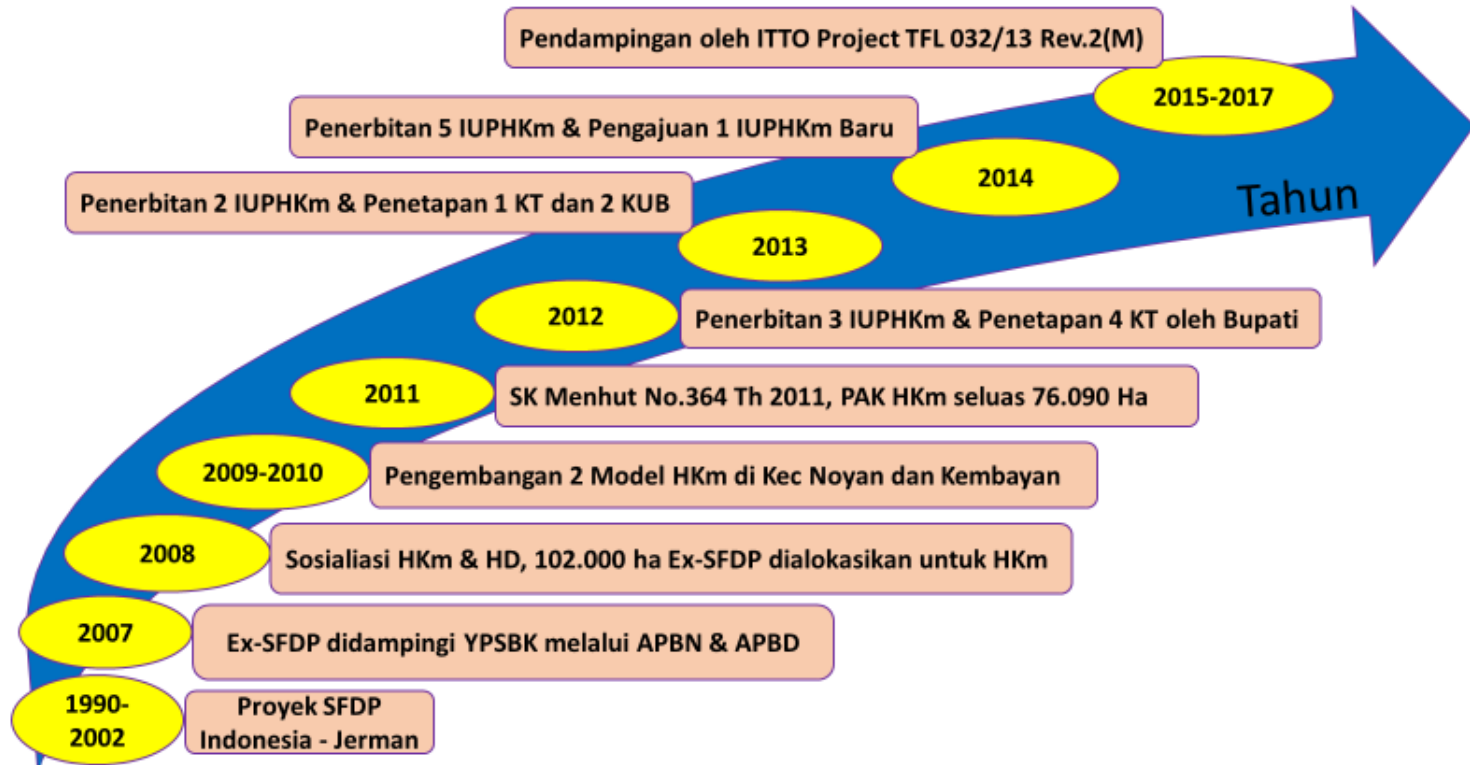
No	Nama Kelompok tani	Σ HH	Areal Kerja			No. IUPHKm
			Luas (Ha)	Hut. Lindung (Ha)	Hut. Produksi (Ha)	
1.	Bauh Mongkat	74	990	990	0	SK.Bupati Sanggau No.577 Tahun 2012
2.	Harapan Maju	164	2.100	590	1510	SK.Bupati Sanggau No.575 Tahun 2012
3.	Bokal Kumuo	80	700	-	700	SK.Bupati Sanggau No.576 Tahun 2012
4.	Bokal Onak Sungkuh	58	870	870	0	SK.Bupati Sanggau No.566 Tahun 2013
5.	Nogo Bauh	33	490	490	0	SK.Bupati Sanggau No.565 Tahun 2013
	Total	509	5.150	2.940	2.210	
6.	Borosiki	104	1.000	485	515	Kepmen LHK RI.No.SK.4393/MENLHK-PSKL/PKPS/PSL.0/8/2017
7.	Tamai Ogong Pusaka	143	1.060		1.060	Kepmen LHK RI.No.SK.4392/MENLHK-PSKL/PKPS/PSL.0/8/2017
8.	Dorit Bosi	66	655	655		Kepmen LHK RI.No.SK.4394/MENLHK-PSKL/PKPS/PSL.0/8/2017
9.	Ontah Botuh Nyama	38	180	180		Kepmen LHK RI.No.SK.4395/MENLHK-PSKL/PKPS/PSL.0/8/2017
10.	Lueh Naba Shu'a	50	420	420		Kepmen LHK RI.No.SK.4494/MENLHK-PSKL/PKPS/PSL.0/8/2017
		401	3.315	1.740	1.575	



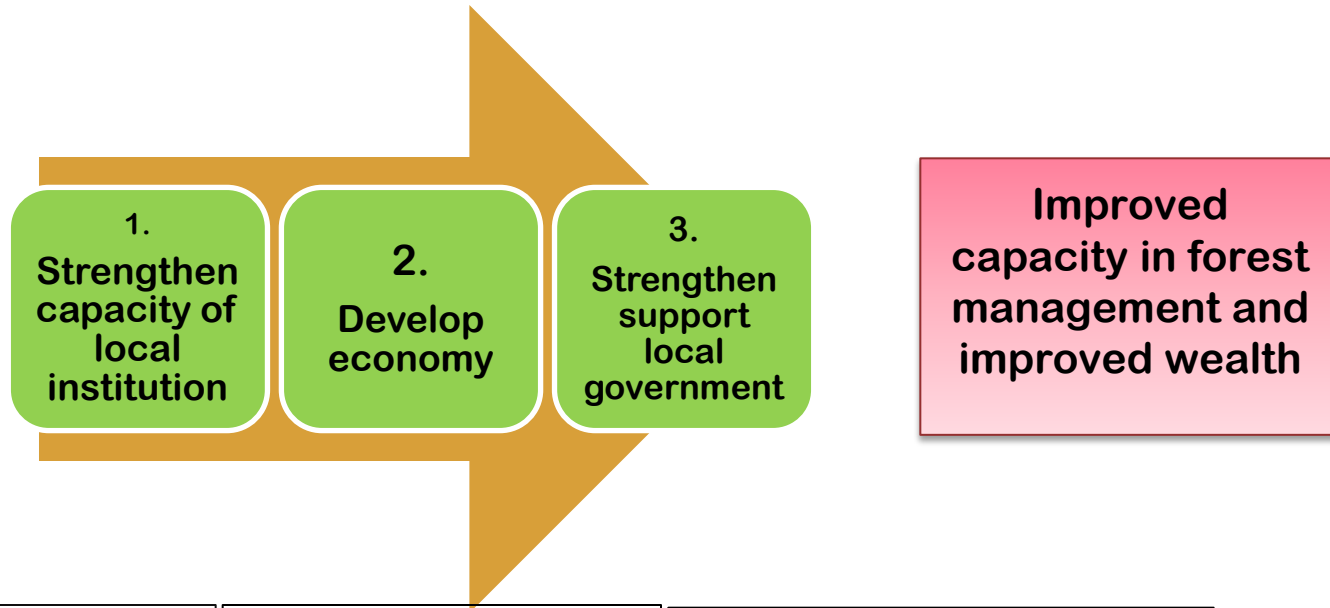
2. Landuses on the area of *HKm*

No	Penggunaan lahan	Luas (Ha)				
		Tukun (HKm Bauh Mongkat)	Periji (Nogo Bauh)	Langka (Bokal Onak Sungkuh)	Mobui (Harapan Maju)	Ngalok (Bokal Kumuo)
1	Bawas/babas/semak belukar	400	160.5	283.5	255	110.4
2	Durian (tembawang)	70	129.5	220.5	25	7
3	Karet	260	100.0	170.2	380	226
4	Kelapa sawit	1	1.9	3.2	10	0
5	Tawang/sawah/rawa	40	42.6	85.1	230	50
6	Tengkawang	5	0	0	0	5
7	Rimba/hutan rawa/lahan basah/krongas	163	37.0	63	1200	59.1
8	Parua/tembawang	43	18.5	31.5	0	150
9	Lainnya	8	0	13.2	0	0
10	Ladang/huma					92
11	Kolam Ikan					0.5
	Total	990	490	870	2100	700

History of community forestry at Sanggau



The ITTO PROJECT TFL-PD 032/13 Rev.2(M)



Kegiatan 1:
Sadar Regulasi;
Pelatihan Busines ;
Pelatihan Manajemen
dan Teknik Kelola
HKm

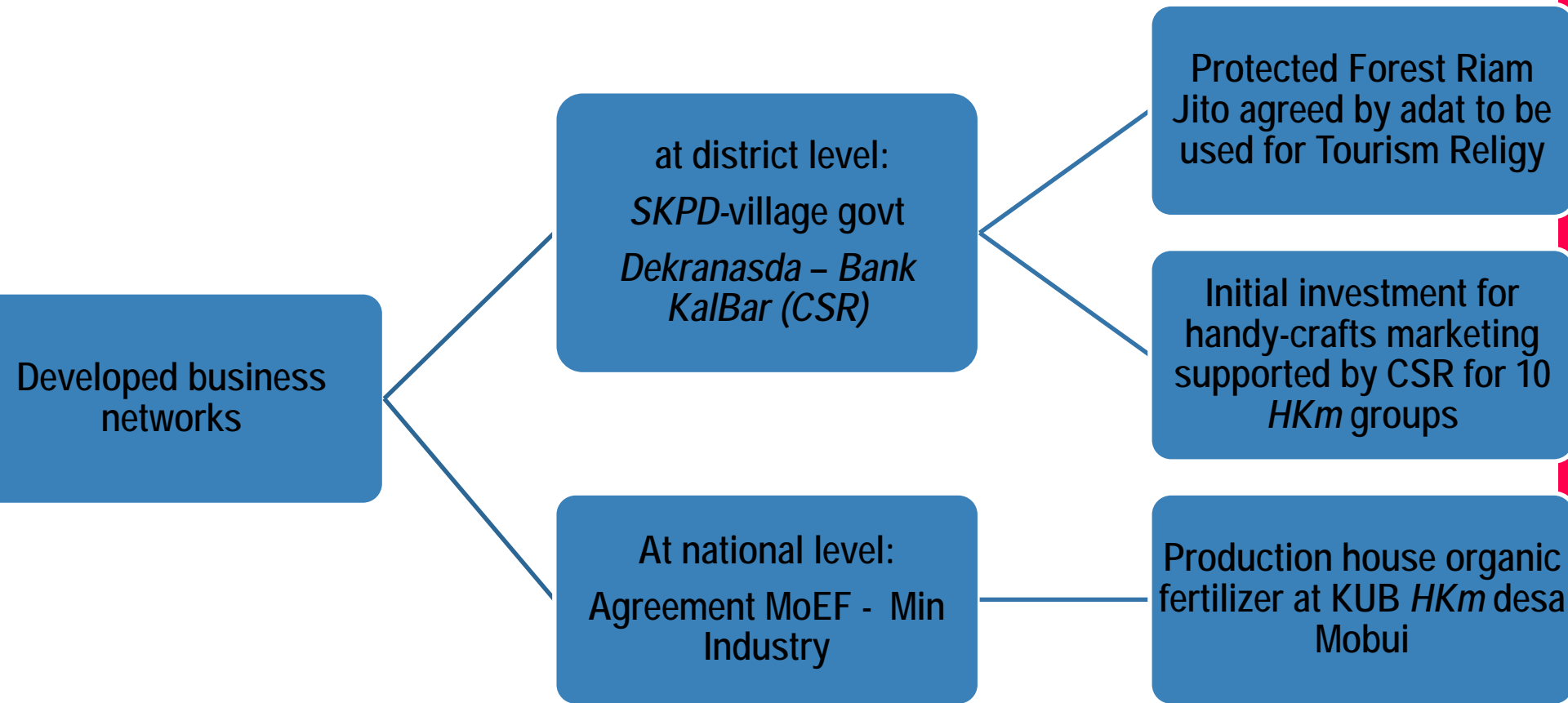
Kegiatan 2:
Data Dasar Sosial
Ekonomi di 4 Desa;
Kajian Akses Pasar untuk
Produk Lokal; Kapasitas
untuk Akses Pasar
Produk HH dan Akses
Kredit Usaha

Activitas 3:
Training fasilitasi HKm bagi Staf
PEMDA; Diseminasi Peraturan
terkait HKm; Penyusunan
Peraturan Daerah bagi
Pengembangan HKm

C.

Project Activities and Lesson Learned from the ITTO Project







Formulation Annual Workplan and Strategic Plan 5 yrs



The top left photograph shows a group of men gathered around a large map or document spread on the floor in a room with green walls. The top right photograph shows a group of men sitting on a colorful patterned mat in a room with blue walls. A green banner on the wall reads: "KABUPATEN KOTA KINABALU KABUPATEN KOTA KINABALU KEMENTERIAN PERKOTAAN, KECILAN, DAN RENCANA (KPRM) POKJALAM Hutan KEMASYARAKATAN (HKM) Periode: 2011-2015". The bottom right photograph shows a group of women and children sitting on the floor, working with large woven baskets, possibly for a craft or food processing activity.





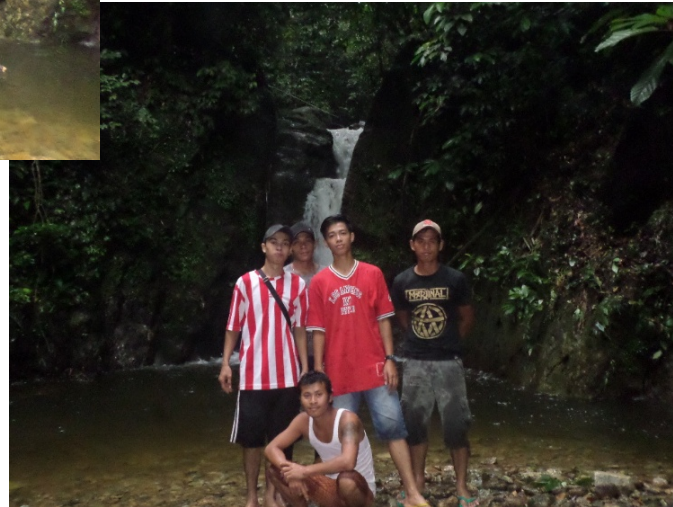
Production organic fertilizer (POC)



Packaging of POC



Riam Jito Waterfall



Establishing Micro-hydro to conserve water source and improved productivity *HKm* at Periji and Langka



Sosialisasi BLU



Pelatihan Arwana



D. Lessons learned and concluding remarks



First, implementation of the scheme of community forestry depends on many factors, of which the extent or present of assistantship for community play important role given most community forestry located at remote region. Constraints and opportunities provided by the scheme shall be communicated to the communities and they shall be consolidated with available resource at given location.

Second, many factors and diverse interests of actor need to be taken into account in strengthening institutions of community forestry. Multi-stakeholder approach provides opportunities to collaborate and consolidate those interests into sustaining forest resources.

Third, changes of regulatory at national level influence interpretation on how the scheme of community forestry be implemented and local institutions be strengthened. Consistence policies is needed and it shall be supported with harmonious programs from other sectors of ministries.

Fourth, implementation of community forestry encompasses farming system practices, clarity governance on land-use and market are equally important as clear and fair governance in forestry.

Thank you