



Community-based forestry enterprises Recent developments in Brazil

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Summary

1. Facts of Brazil
2. Brazilian Forest Sector
3. Community Forest
4. Forest Reform
5. Policy Instruments related to NTFP and communities

1. Facts of Brazil

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Equator

Tropic

Area: 850 million ha (5°)

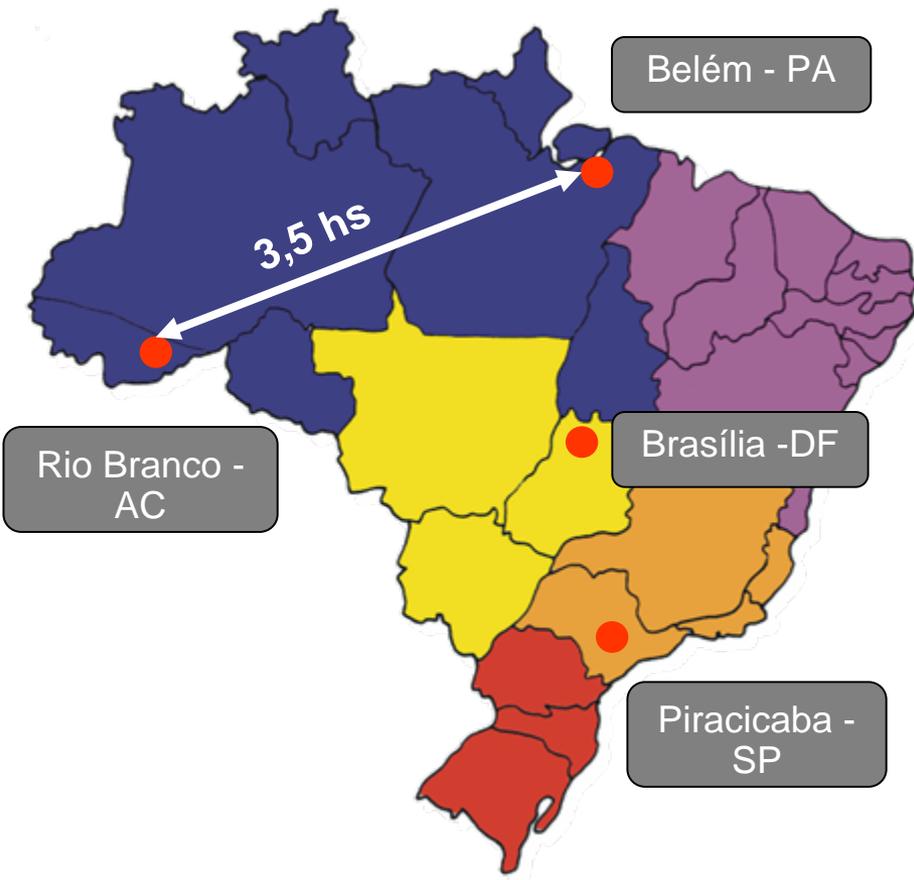
Population : 170 million (5°)

GDP: US\$ 500 billion (12°)

Annual Surplus: 4,25% (1°)

Forest Área: ~ 500 million ha

1. Facts of Brazil



Political Organization

5 Regions: N, S, NE, CW, SE

27 States: Including Federal District

Municipalities: > 5500 (and growing)
(all with Legislative, Executive and Justice)

Political System: Presidential Federal Republic

1. Facts of Brazil



Socio and Cultural Diversity

- Indigenous people [> 300 groups – 600k people]
- Quilombolas [Black communities]
- Extractivists
- Ribeirinhos, Caiçaras, Caboclos and Sertanejos
- Immigrants [Orientals, Europeans, Arabians etc]

2. Brazilian Forest Sector

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Economy

PULP & PAPER

CHARCOAL
AND SIDERUGY

SOLID WOOD

BOARDS

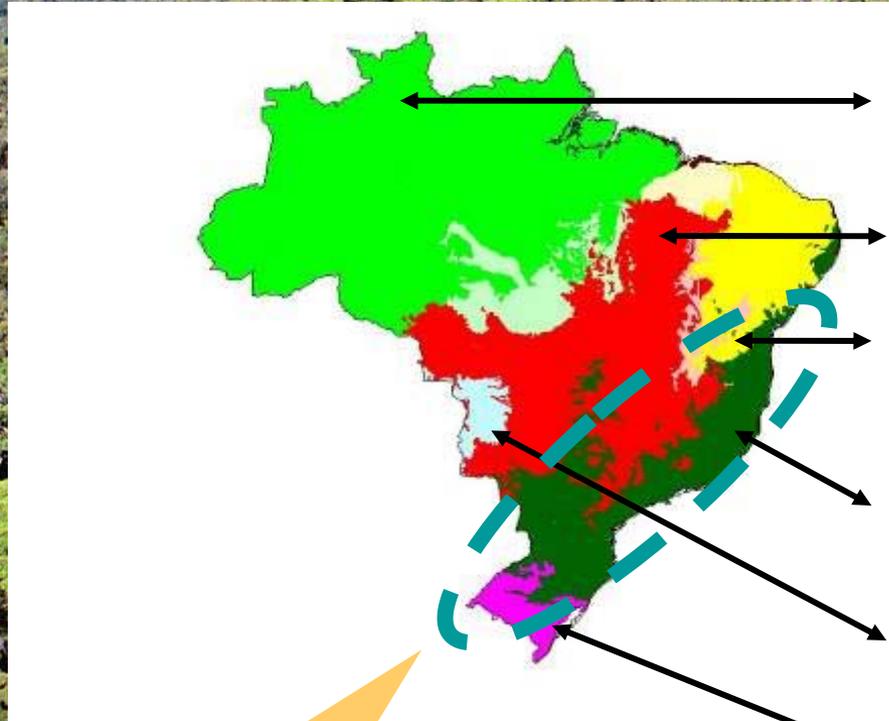
OILS & RESINS

COSMETICS &
PHARMACELTICALS

FOOD

- 6 million jobs
- 3,5% of GDP
- 8,5% of exports
- Thousands of communities

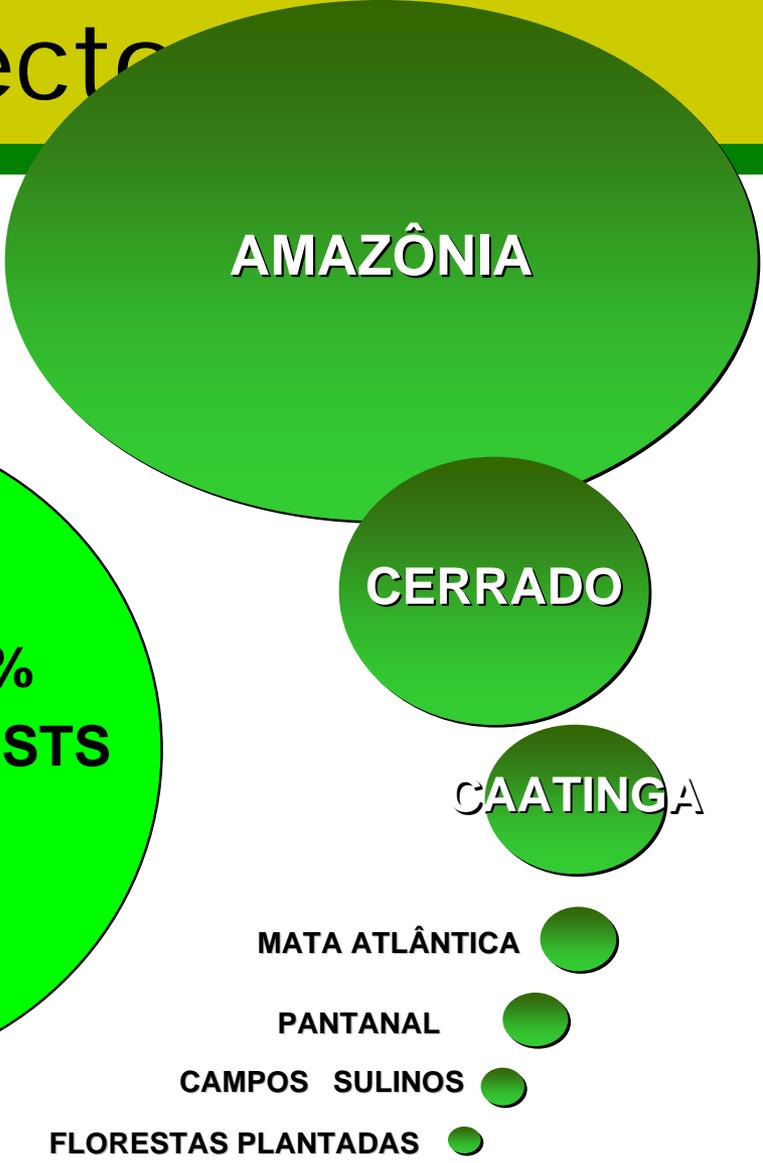
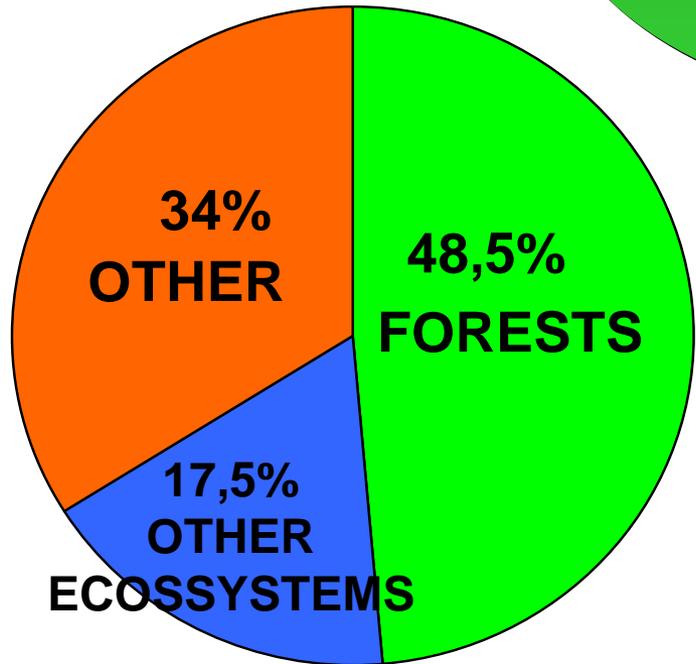
2. Brazilian Forest Sector



	% of the Country	% of Natural Ecosystem Conserved
Amazônia	48	85%
Cerrado	21,6	45%
Caatinga	12,4	30%
Atlantic Rainforest	13	7%
Pantanal	1,6	90%
Southern Fields	1,8	10%

> 70% of population

2. Brazilian Forest Sector

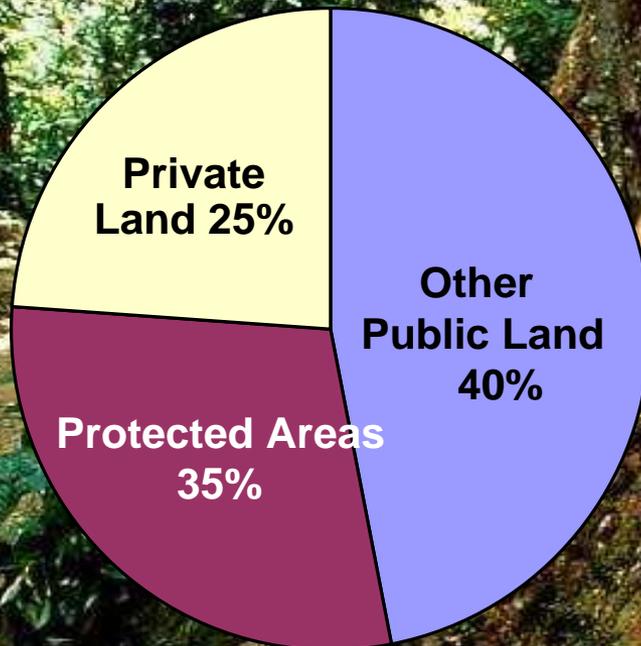


- PUL & PAPER
- CHARCOAL
- SOLID WOOD
- PLYWOOD & FIBERBOARD
- OILS & RESINS
- COSMETICS & PHARMACY
- FOOD

- Private Plantations
- Private Native Forests
- Public Forests
- Social Forest
- Landscape Restoration

2. Brazilian Forest Sector

Land Tenure in the Amazon



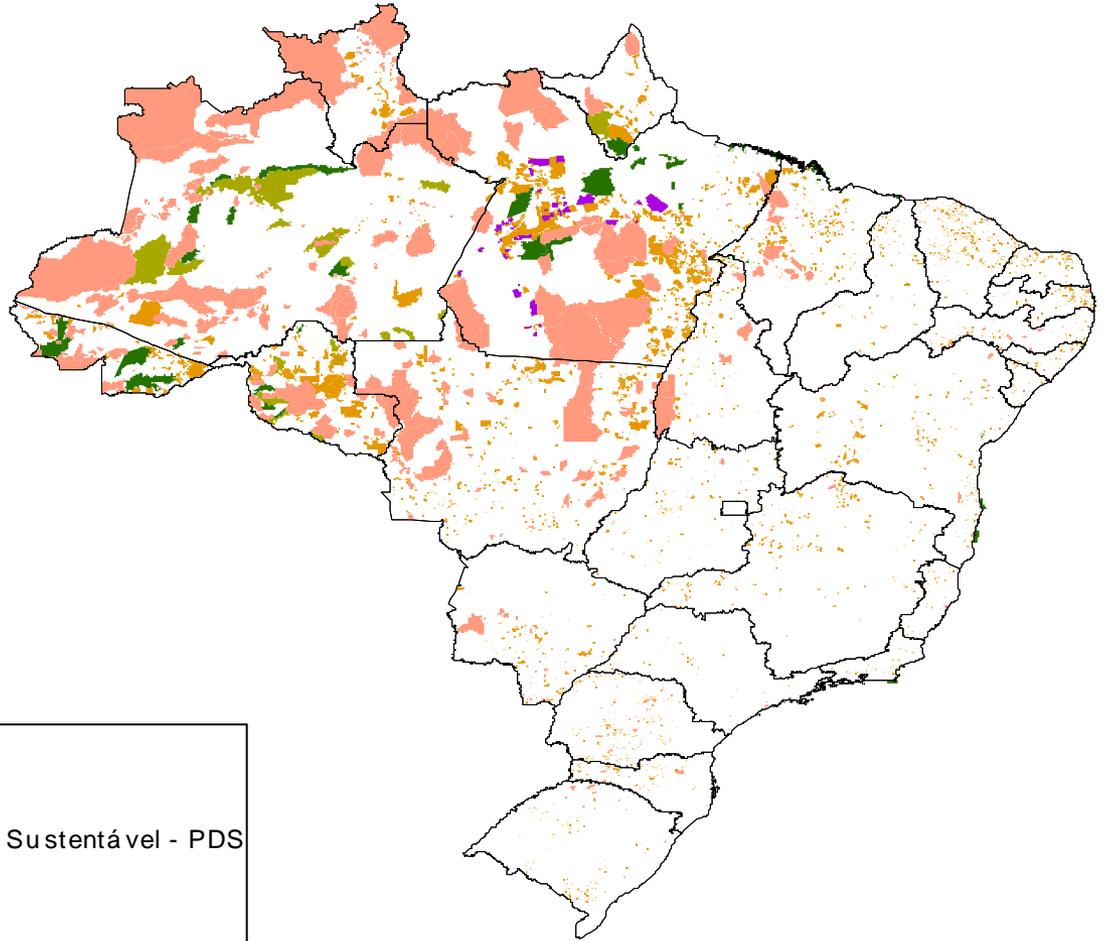
75% Public Land

3. Community Forests

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Areas assigned to communities

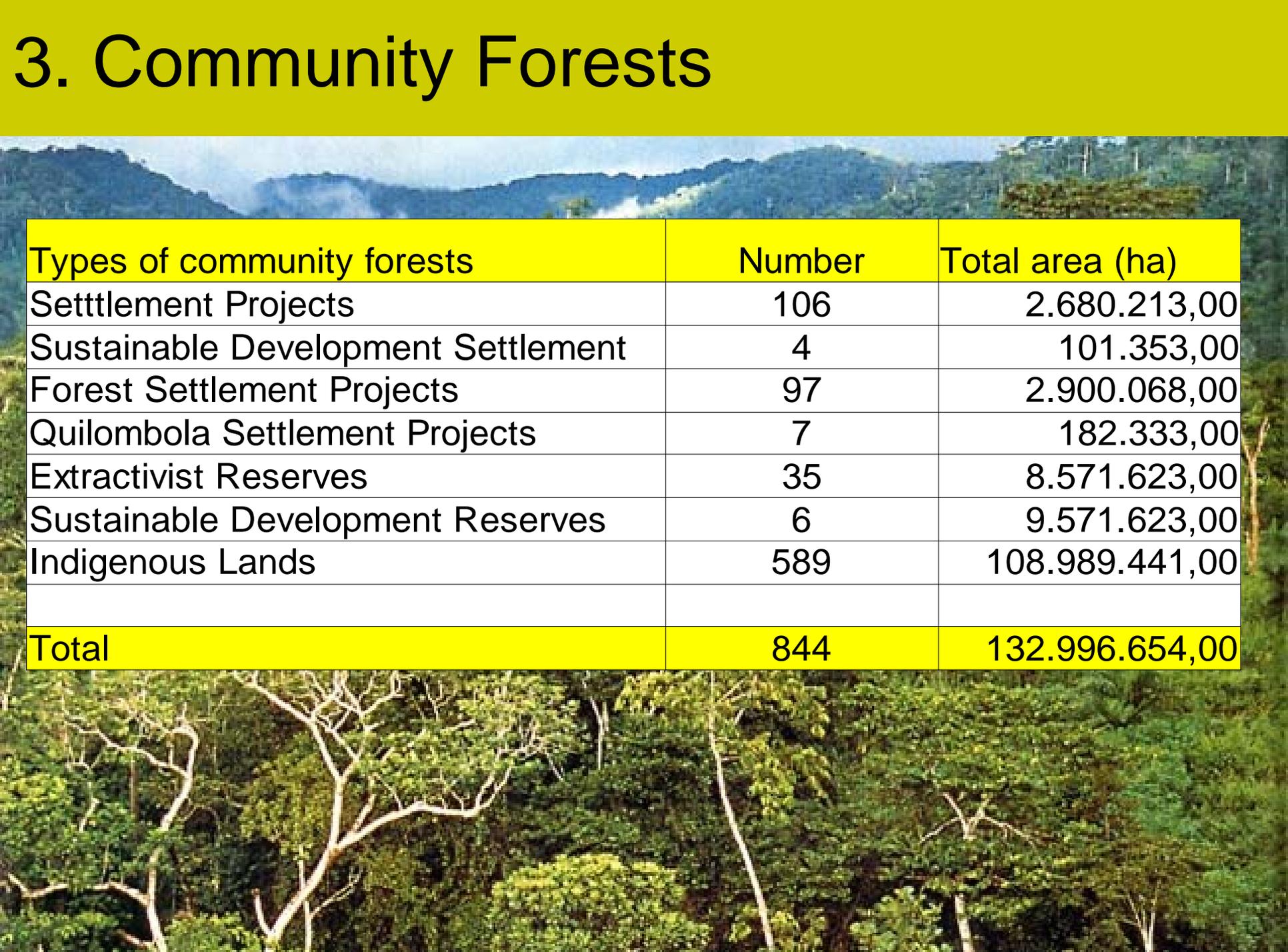
62% of public forests are community forests of different types



USO COMUNITARIO

- Terras Indígenas
- Projetos de Desenvolvimento Sustentável - PDS
- RESEX e RDS (Federais)
- RESEX e RDS (Estaduais)
- Projetos de Assentamento

3. Community Forests



Types of community forests	Number	Total area (ha)
Settlement Projects	106	2.680.213,00
Sustainable Development Settlement	4	101.353,00
Forest Settlement Projects	97	2.900.068,00
Quilombola Settlement Projects	7	182.333,00
Extractivist Reserves	35	8.571.623,00
Sustainable Development Reserves	6	9.571.623,00
Indigenous Lands	589	108.989.441,00
Total	844	132.996.654,00

3. Community Forests - NTFP

L. C. Marigo



Brazil nut (*Bertholetia excelsa*)

3. Community Forests- NTFP



Euterpe oleracea

3. Community Forests - NTFP



Rubber



3. Community Forests - NTFP



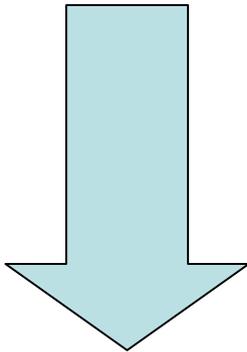
4. Reform of the Forest Sector

Reforming the Forest Sector: the 6 steps

1. Making forestry a priority
2. Enroll stakeholders in forest policy development
3. Create the legal framework for the sustainable management of Public Forests
4. Give an address to sustainable forest development in the government
5. Create a mechanism to fund the efforts
6. Decentralize the responsibility and actions

Step 1: Making forestry a priority

- Moving from environmental agenda to the development agenda

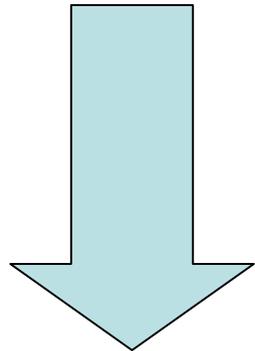


- One of the top priorities of the Presidential



Step 2: Enroll stakeholders

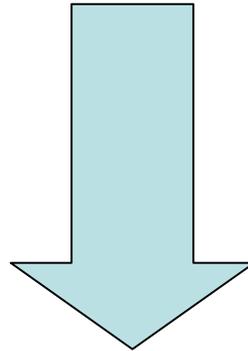
- Bring stakeholders to fight in same table at the same time.



- Feb 2004 establishment of the **National Board of Forests (CONAFLOR)**
- 39 members representing community, workers, governments, academy, NGOs

Step 3: Legal Framework for Public Forest Management

- More than 65% of forests in Brazil are in public lands and there is no regulation on how to manage it.

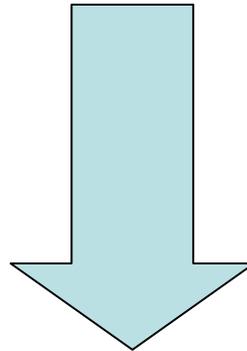


- New Forest Law developed in a long consultation process (2 years)



Step 4: An *adress* to forest development

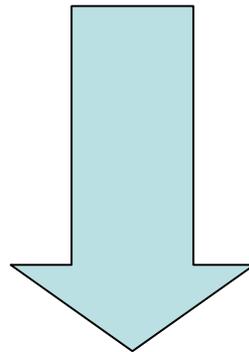
- Create a institution to serve as the catalist to the promotion of sustainable forestry and to manage the public forest system.



- Creation of the Brazilian Forest Service included on new forest law

Step 5: Create a mechanism to fund the efforts

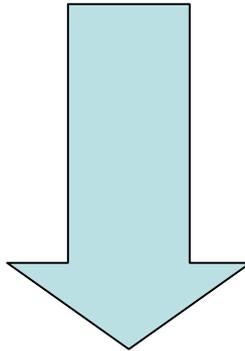
- Creation of a fund that collects the revenue from the use of public forests in Brazil and reinvest in conservation and sustainable management of forests (training, capacity building, R&D etc.)



- **National Forest Fund** created in the new forest law.

Step 6: Decentralization

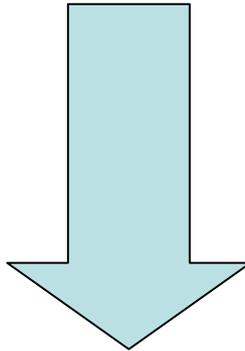
- Share the the reponsability of forest regulation, licencing, monitoring and control with the state governments.



- New forest law give two year to shift forest regulations to the state governments (except of public federal lands)

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5. Policy Instruments

Policy Instruments

- Government funds to support productive projects
- Promanejo- Forest Management- Timber and NTFP
- PDA-forest and agroforestry- mainly support to processing and marketing
- Agroextrativism projects

All projects selected by public calls

The main challenge is to secure funds at the long run

Policy Instruments

- Forest credit lines for smallholders (Pronaf Florestal)
- ~US\$2,5 million allocated every year
- There are some problems for access in remote areas

Policy Instruments

- Technical assistance: partnerships between the Ministry of Environment and Agrarian Development :
- The main challenge is staff training

Other regulatory frameworks related to forest/NTFP and people

- Recent policy for traditional populations:
 - *Access to traditional territories and natural resources*
 - *Infra-structure*
 - *Social inclusion*
 - *Support to sustainable production*
- Food Acquisition Programme
 - *The government buys products from small farmers to donate to populations at risk and for school meals - includes edible NTFP*
- Policy regulating property rights to traditional knowledge

Very recent developments

- Elaboration of national strategy to support the market chains of NTFP – known as products of the sociobiodiversity
- *8 ministries involved*
- *Workshops around the country to select priority products and actions*

Very recent developments

Elaboration of a national policy for community forest management





Thank You!

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